



**Quarterly Information (ITR) at
June 30, 2018 and
independent auditor's review report on
quarterly information**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The
Board of Directors and Officers of
São Martinho S.A.
Pradópolis - SP

Introduction

We have reviewed the individual and consolidated interim accounting information contained in the Quarterly Information Form (ITR) of São Martinho S.A. for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, which comprise the balance sheet as of June 30, 2018, the related statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, including explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the individual accounting information in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Reporting, and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), as well as for the fair presentation of this information in conformity with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information (ITR). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim accounting information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Review Engagements (NBC TR 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity). A review of interim accounting information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards and consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion of individual and consolidated interim financial information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the individual and consolidated interim accounting



Building a better
working world

information included in the quarterly information referred to above is not fairly presented, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34 applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information (ITR), and presented consistently with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM).

Other matters

Statements of value added

We also reviewed the individual and consolidated statements of value added for the three-month period ended June 30, 2018, prepared under the responsibility of Company's management, whose presentation in the interim accounting information is required by the standards issued by the CVM applicable to preparation of Quarterly Information (ITR) and considered supplementary information under IFRS, whereby no statement of value added presentation is required. These statements were submitted to the same review procedures previously described and, based on our review, we are not aware of any fact that would make us believe that they were not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the overall individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

Campinas, August 13, 2018

ERNST & YOUNG
Auditores Independentes S.S.
CRC 2SP034519/O-6

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'José Antonio de A. Navarrete', enclosed within a large, hand-drawn oval shape.

José Antonio de A. Navarrete
Accountant CRC 1SP198698/O-4

Statement of financial position	2
Statement of income	3
Statement of comprehensive income	4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Statement of cash flows	6
Statement of value added	7
1. Operations	8
2. Summary of significant accounting practices.....	8
3. Standards, interpretations and amendments to standards that are not yet effective	14
4. Significant accounting estimates and judgments.....	14
5. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.....	16
6. Trade accounts receivable	16
7. Inventories and advances to suppliers.....	18
8. Taxes recoverable.....	19
9. Related parties.....	20
10. Investments.....	22
11. Biological assets.....	23
12. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)	25
13. Intangible assets	28
14. Borrowings.....	29
15. Trade accounts payable.....	31
16. Agreements with Copersucar	31
17. Equity.....	33
18. Profit sharing program.....	36
19. Income and social contribution taxes.....	37
20. Commitments.....	39
21. Provision for contingencies	40
22. Derivative financial instruments and risk management	42
23. Financial instrument classification and fair value	51
24. Segment reporting (consolidated)	53
25. Revenues.....	55
26. Costs and expenses by nature.....	57
27. Finance income (costs)	58
28. Earnings per share	59
29. Insurance coverage	59
30. Acquisition and divestiture – payable and receivables.....	60
31. Subsequent events	60

Statement of financial position

At June 30 and March 31, 2018

In thousands of reais

ASSETS	Note	Company		Consolidated	
		June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	312,576	139,622	313,808	140,865
Short-term investments	5	1,157,507	953,900	1,255,489	1,320,851
Trade accounts receivable	6	186,009	66,813	215,030	177,893
Derivative financial instruments	22	63,959	66,345	63,959	69,173
Inventories and advances to suppliers	7	733,261	260,209	727,079	334,654
Biological assets	11	572,720	419,732	572,720	581,725
Taxes recoverable	8	22,812	23,802	23,761	36,093
Income and social contribution taxes (IRPJ and CSLL)	19	21,483	5,795	21,483	9,687
Dividends receivable	9	3,211	3,211	-	-
Other assets		22,331	16,654	19,204	16,917
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,095,869	1,956,083	3,212,533	2,687,858
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Short-term investments	5	42,752	24,591	46,328	50,669
Inventories and advances to suppliers	7	125,291	88,430	125,291	111,135
Transactions with related parties	9	3,193	6,527	2,500	5,834
Derivative financial instruments	22	2,571	3,617	2,571	3,617
Trade accounts receivable	6	-	-	25,507	24,869
Receivables from Copersucar		9,355	9,355	9,355	9,355
Taxes recoverable	8	123,926	111,677	123,926	122,200
Income and social contribution taxes (IRPJ and CSLL)	19	115,805	117,442	115,805	117,442
Judicial deposits	21	27,216	24,150	27,390	28,673
Other assets		439	439	439	439
		450,548	386,228	479,112	474,233
Investments	10	1,388,487	2,704,518	32,007	32,552
Property, plant and equipment	12	3,651,328	2,679,114	5,319,715	5,449,912
Intangible assets	13	397,770	399,008	463,247	470,157
		5,437,585	5,782,640	5,814,969	5,952,621
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		5,888,133	6,168,868	6,294,081	6,426,854
TOTAL ASSETS		8,984,002	8,124,951	9,506,614	9,114,712

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Note	Company		Consolidated	
		June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Borrowings	14	402,733	574,569	406,281	686,630
Derivative financial instruments	22	63,307	8,862	63,307	8,862
Trade accounts payable	15	245,740	111,893	234,734	154,146
Payables to Copersucar	16	8,583	8,583	8,583	8,583
Salaries and social charges		190,879	109,711	191,821	137,155
Taxes payable		23,129	9,289	25,698	16,877
Income and social contribution taxes (IRPJ and CSLL)	19	-	-	5,637	4,167
Dividends payable		148,341	148,341	148,341	148,341
Advances from customers		2,116	14,526	2,116	16,406
Acquisition of ownership interests	9 e 30	11,743	11,746	11,743	11,746
Other liabilities		6,273	18,693	9,484	28,287
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,102,844	1,016,213	1,107,745	1,221,200
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Borrowings	14	3,801,841	3,045,999	3,810,549	3,238,267
Derivative financial instruments	22	8,665	930	8,665	930
Payables to Copersucar	16	201,166	201,787	201,166	201,787
Taxes in installments		2,558	2,656	2,558	2,656
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	19	484,335	444,443	992,925	1,007,923
Provision for contingencies	21	99,375	70,096	99,788	99,122
Acquisition of ownership interests	9 e 30	38,510	38,510	38,510	38,510
Other liabilities	10	11,181	14,542	11,181	14,542
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		4,647,631	3,818,963	5,165,342	4,603,737
EQUITY					
Capital	17	1,549,302	1,549,302	1,549,302	1,549,302
Capital reserve		9,418	9,418	9,418	9,418
Treasury shares		(234,100)	(234,100)	(234,100)	(234,100)
Stock options granted		-	11,578	-	11,578
Equity adjustments		969,261	1,120,319	969,261	1,120,319
Income reserves		850,894	833,258	850,894	833,258
Retained earnings		88,752	-	88,752	-
TOTAL EQUITY		3,233,527	3,289,775	3,233,527	3,289,775
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		8,984,002	8,124,951	9,506,614	9,114,712

See accompanying notes.

Statement of income
Periods ending at June 30, 2018 and 2017
In thousands of reais

	Note	Company		Consolidated	
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Revenues	25	726,105	659,286	757,184	812,266
Cost of sales	26	(507,382)	(474,484)	(500,153)	(536,880)
Gross profit		218,723	184,802	257,031	275,386
Operating income (expenses)					
Selling expenses	26	(23,268)	(26,518)	(23,830)	(29,014)
General and administrative expenses	26	(43,304)	(37,546)	(44,202)	(44,966)
Equity pickup in subsidiaries	10	37,928	62,353	(849)	(1,892)
Other revenues, net		3,773	(486)	4,251	684
		(24,871)	(2,197)	(64,630)	(75,188)
Operating income		193,852	182,605	192,401	200,198
Finance income (costs)	27				
Finance income		23,302	33,216	27,139	44,794
Finance costs		(78,329)	(82,335)	(78,571)	(94,940)
Monetary variations and foreign exchange differences, net		28,752	4,818	28,752	2,519
Derivatives		(15,896)	8,340	(15,896)	8,340
		(42,171)	(35,961)	(38,576)	(39,287)
Income before income and social contribution taxes		151,681	146,644	153,825	160,911
Income and social contribution taxes (IRPJ and CSLL)	19(b)				
Current		15,888	(18,614)	13,299	(20,905)
Deferred		(63,610)	(11,157)	(63,165)	(23,133)
Net income for the period		103,959	116,873	103,959	116,873
Basic earnings per share (in reais)	28	0.3181	0.3493	0.3181	0.3493
Diluted earnings per share (in reais)	28	0.3181	0.3484	0.3181	0.3484

See accompanying notes.

Statements of comprehensive income
Periods ending at June 30, 2018 and 2017
In thousands of reais

Company and Consolidated	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Net income for the period	103,959	116,873
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to P&L		
Changes for the period:		
Changes in fair value		
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	29,483	93,810
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	(69,045)	(27,716)
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finance)	(167,252)	(57,374)
	(206,814)	8,720
Recognition in operating income		
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	(34,541)	(56,460)
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	6,794	(32,883)
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finance)	10,305	52,220
	(17,442)	(37,123)
Write-off due to ineffectiveness		
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	-	51
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	-	654
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finance)	-	(3,165)
	-	(2,460)
Total changes for the year		
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	(5,058)	37,401
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	(62,251)	(59,945)
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finance)	(156,947)	(8,319)
Deferred taxes on the items above	76,247	10,492
	(148,009)	(20,371)
Comprehensive income for the period	(44,050)	96,502

See accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity in periods ending at June 30, 2018 and 2017

In thousands of reais

	Note	Equity adjustments														Total
		Capital	Capital reduction	Capital reserve	Treasury shares	Options granted	Deemed cost		Hedge accounting	Income reserve						
							Own	Of investees		Legal	Capital budget	Unrealized income reserve	Tax incentive reserve	Additional dividends	Retained earnings	
Balance at March 31, 2017		1,494,334	(55,662)	10,057	(92,134)	8,284	198,331	1,286,252	(52,340)	70,140	257,984	78,515	173,801	25,758	-	3,403,320
Realization of deemed cost surplus	17 (c)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,255)	(170)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,425	-
Deferred tax set up/in subsidiary	19 (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(286,324)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(286,324)
Gain (loss) on derivative transactions - hedge accounting	17 (c)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,371)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,371)
Stock options granted	17 (f)	-	-	-	-	1,112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,112
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,873	116,873
At June 30, 2017	17	1,494,334	(55,662)	10,057	(92,134)	9,396	195,076	999,758	(72,711)	70,140	257,984	78,515	173,801	25,758	120,298	3,214,610
Balance at March 31, 2018	17	1,549,302	-	9,418	(234,100)	11,578	185,691	992,484	(57,856)	94,725	411,441	46,954	248,479	31,659	-	3,289,775
Realization of deemed cost surplus	17 (c)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,854)	(195)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,049	-
Initial Adoption CPC 48 of investees		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(620)	(620)
Set up of tax incentive reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,636	-	(17,636)	-
Gain (loss) on derivative transactions - hedge accounting	17 (c)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(148,009)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(148,009)
Change Options Plan	17 (f)	-	-	-	-	(11,578)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,578)
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,959	103,959
At June 30, 2018	17	1,549,302	-	9,418	(234,100)	-	182,837	992,289	(205,865)	94,725	411,441	46,954	266,115	31,659	88,752	3,233,527

See accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

Periods ending at June 30, 2018 and 2017

In thousands of reais

	Note	Company		Consolidated	
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net income for the period		103,959	116,873	103,959	116,873
Adjustments					
Depreciation and amortization	26	69,778	61,803	70,894	80,341
Biological assets harvested	26	128,695	97,946	128,695	121,714
Change in fair value of biological assets	26	(5,431)	28,162	(5,431)	15,539
Amortization of intangible assets		-	219	-	219
Amortization of energy contracts		-	-	3,677	3,290
Equity pickup in subsidiaries	10	(37,928)	(62,353)	849	1,892
Income (loss) from investment and PPE written off	12	1,908	162	1,908	141
Interest, monetary variations and foreign exchange differences, net		43,265	44,290	41,182	47,407
Derivative financial instruments		(1,547)	(45,464)	(1,547)	(45,464)
Setup of provision for contingencies, net	21.1	2,149	2,920	2,149	2,992
Income and social contribution taxes (IRPJ and CSLL)	19 (b)	47,722	29,771	49,866	44,038
Present value adjustment and other		6,890	1,943	5,925	1,373
		359,460	276,272	402,126	390,355
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Trade accounts receivable		(15,371)	(78,024)	(30,726)	(130,671)
Inventories		(267,448)	(160,972)	(255,446)	(215,604)
Taxes recoverable		2,609	4,697	2,603	(2,972)
Derivative financial instruments		12,981	71,244	12,981	71,244
Other assets		(626)	(6,712)	(473)	(6,699)
Trade accounts payable		86,192	101,047	86,735	88,079
Salaries and social contributions		36,590	31,859	36,814	39,329
Taxes payable		23,705	(19,364)	24,464	(19,531)
Payables to Copersucar		(3,302)	(3,163)	(3,302)	(3,163)
Taxes in installments		(105)	(638)	(105)	(606)
Provision for contingencies - settlements	21.1	(4,171)	(3,716)	(4,171)	(8,256)
Other liabilities		(30,002)	(4)	(33,094)	1,557
Cash from operating activities		200,512	212,526	238,406	203,062
Payment of interest borrowings	14	(60,832)	(54,429)	(61,051)	(76,224)
Income and social contribution taxes paid		-	-	(872)	(1,731)
Net cash provided by operating activities		139,680	158,097	176,483	125,107
Cash flow from investing activities					
Investment of funds	31	(781)	(1,661)	(781)	(2,361)
Additions to PPE and intangible assets		(43,478)	(26,248)	(45,409)	(44,244)
Additions to PPE (planting and cultivation)	11 e 12	(166,484)	(115,555)	(166,484)	(152,257)
Short-term investments		121,869	(437,007)	88,020	(195,944)
Funds from the sale of PPE	12	1,569	281	1,569	1,058
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary		156	-	-	-
Future capital contribution		(333)	(1,682)	(333)	(1,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(87,482)	(581,872)	(123,418)	(394,748)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Financing taken out from third parties	14	981,355	800,721	981,355	825,461
Amortization of financing - third parties	14	(860,599)	(441,197)	(861,477)	(618,488)
Net cash from financing activities		120,756	359,524	119,878	206,973
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		172,954	(64,251)	172,943	(62,668)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5	139,622	142,020	140,865	142,454
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5	312,576	77,769	313,808	79,786
<u>Additional information</u>					
Balances in short-term investments	5	1,157,507	1,009,767	1,255,489	1,259,991
Total available funds	5	1,470,083	1,087,536	1,569,297	1,339,777

See accompanying notes.

Statement of value added
Periods ending at June 30, 2018 and 2017
In thousands of reais

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Revenues				
Gross sales of goods and products	797,785	683,148	824,611	848,306
Revenue related to construction of own assets	164,055	117,555	164,055	154,864
Other revenues	10,537	668	10,985	1,135
	<u>972,377</u>	<u>801,371</u>	<u>999,651</u>	<u>1,004,305</u>
Inputs acquired from third parties				
Costs of sales	(248,908)	(241,180)	(228,367)	(252,769)
Materials, energy, third-party services and other operating expenses	(178,833)	(132,608)	(186,276)	(160,115)
	<u>(427,741)</u>	<u>(373,788)</u>	<u>(414,643)</u>	<u>(412,884)</u>
Gross value added	544,636	427,583	585,008	591,421
Depreciation and amortization	(69,778)	(61,803)	(70,894)	(80,341)
Biological assets harvested	(128,695)	(97,946)	(128,695)	(121,714)
Net value added produced by the entity	346,163	267,834	385,419	389,366
Value added received in transfer				
Equity pickup in subsidiaries	37,928	62,353	(849)	(1,892)
Finance income	55,969	65,367	59,798	77,432
Other	(20)	(831)	12	(109)
Total value added to be distributed	<u>440,040</u>	<u>394,723</u>	<u>444,380</u>	<u>464,797</u>
Distribution of value added				
Personnel and charges				
Direct compensation	111,053	93,358	111,103	112,947
Benefits	35,040	29,204	35,236	34,470
Unemployment Compensation Fund (FGTS)	10,282	9,847	10,286	11,669
Management compensation	10,008	4,660	10,280	5,080
Taxes, charges and contributions				
Federal	67,418	40,036	70,858	67,207
State	4,930	633	5,057	1,433
Municipal	483	268	483	314
Creditors				
Interest	70,632	73,524	70,856	85,743
Leases	615	652	615	728
Foreign exchange differences	2,680	10,556	2,680	12,855
Other	22,940	15,112	22,967	15,478
Retained profits for the period	103,959	116,873	103,959	116,873
Value added distributed	<u>440,040</u>	<u>394,723</u>	<u>444,380</u>	<u>464,797</u>

See accompanying notes.

1. Operations

São Martinho S.A. (the “Company” or “Parent Company”) is a listed corporation headquartered in Pradópolis, State of São Paulo, registered with the B3 S.A – Bolsa, Brasil, Balcão. The Company, its subsidiaries and jointly-controlled subsidiaries (together, the “São Martinho”) are primarily engaged in planting sugarcane and producing and selling sugar, ethanol and other sugarcane byproducts; cogenerating electricity; development of real estate ventures; agricultural production; import and export of goods, products and raw materials, and investment in other companies.

Approximately 70% of the sugarcane used in the production of the goods derives from the Company’s own plantations, from shareholders, related companies and agricultural partnerships, and the remaining 30% from third-party suppliers. Sugar alcohol business is subject to seasonal trends based on the sugarcane growing cycle in the South and Central region of Brazil. The annual sugarcane crop period in the South and Central region of Brazil typically begins in April and ends in December. This creates fluctuations in the Company’s inventories. Raw material supply can suffer from the impact of adverse climate conditions. Sugarcane requires an 18-month period for maturing and for the beginning of the harvest. The harvest generally takes place between April and December, which is also the period when sugar and ethanol are produced and electricity is cogenerated.

The Company is a subsidiary of the holding company LJN Participações S.A. (“LJN”), which holds controlling interest of 52.26% in its voting capital. In turn, the owners of LJN are the following family holding companies: Luiz Ometto Participações S.A., João Ometto Participações S.A. and Nelson Ometto Participações Ltda.

As detailed in note 10.2, at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on April 2, 2018, the incorporation of Usina Boa Vista SA (“UBV”) was approved. Therefore, the comparability of the results of the current period with the same prior period of the Subsidiary, is significantly affected.

Issue of this interim financial information was approved by the Company’s Board of Directors on August 13, 2018.

2. Summary of significant accounting practices

2.1 Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and interpretations issued by the International Financial

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), implemented in Brazil by the Brazilian Financial Accounting Standards Board ("CPC") and CPC technical interpretations ("ICPCs") and guidance ("OCPCs") approved by the Brazilian SEC ("CVM"). The financial statements were prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain derivative financial instruments and biological assets, measured at fair value.

Significant accounting practices adopted by the Company are described in the specific notes to these financial statements related to the items reported, and those generally applicable, in different respects, to the financial statements, are described below.

The Company records dividends received from its subsidiaries on its cash flow used in investing activities since it considers these dividends as return on investments made.

2.2 Basis of consolidation and investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all companies controlled by the Company, fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. Consolidation is ceased as from the date the Company loses control of the investee.

Consolidated balances in the interim financial information for the period ended June 30, 2018 and year ended March 31, 2018 include the following subsidiaries:

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Company	Interest held in capital (direct and indirect)		Main activities
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A. ("SM Terras Imobiliárias")	100%	100%	Exploitation of land through agricultural lease and partnership, rental and sale of real estate.
São Martinho Energia S.A. ("SME")	100%	100%	Cogeneration of electricity.
Cia Bioenergética Santa Cruz 1 ("Bio")	100%	100%	Cogeneration of electricity.
São Martinho Inova S.A. ("SM Inova")	100%	100%	Hold interest in companies.
São Martinho Terras Agrícolas S.A. ("SM Terras Agrícolas")	100%	100%	Exploitation of land through agricultural lease and partnership, rental and sale of real estate.
SPE - Residencial Recanto das Paineiras Empreendimentos Imobiliários Ltda ("SPE Paineiras") – controlada da SM Terras Imobiliárias	100%	100%	Merger and exploitation of real estate venture
SPE - Park Empresarial Itacemápolis Ltda ("SPE Park") – controlada da SM Terras Imobiliárias	100%	100%	Merger and exploitation of real estate venture
SPE - Residencial Limeira Ltda ("SPE Limeira") – controlada da SM Terras Imobiliárias	100%	100%	Merger and exploitation of real estate venture
SPE - Residencial Pradópolis Ltda ("SPE Pradópolis") - controlada da SM Terras Imobiliárias	100%	100%	Merger and exploitation of real estate venture
SPE - Residencial Pradópolis II Ltda ("SPE Pradópolis II") - controlada da SM Terras Imobiliárias	100%	100%	Merger and exploitation of real estate venture
São Martinho Logística e Participações S.A. ("SM Logística")	100%	100%	Storage of products in general

Contractual investment arrangements whereby two or more parties have joint control of the venture are classified as jointly-controlled operations or joint ventures, according to rights and obligations of the parties thereto. Joint control is the sharing, contractually agreed, of the business control that exists only when decisions on the significant activities require the unanimous consent from the parties that share the control. These investments are accounted for under the equity method.

At June 30 and March 31, 2018, the Company had the following jointly-controlled entity:

Company	Interest held in capital		Main activities
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	
Jointly-controlled subsidiaries - direct:			
Usina Santa Luiza S/A ("USL")	66.67%	66.67%	Storage services.

2.3 Functional and reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Brazilian real (R\$), which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency").

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the corresponding transaction dates. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are recognized in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company adopted IFRS 9 (CPC 48) Financial Instruments (except for items related to hedge accounting) and did not opt for the restatement of comparative information.

The new standard brings together the three aspects of accounting for financial instruments:

(i) Classification and measurement of financial assets

IFRS 9 contains a new approach to financial asset classification and measurement that reflects the business model in which assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics and contains three main classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and at fair value through profit or loss. The standard eliminates existing IAS 39 categories held-to-maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

(ii) Impairment

The new standard replaces the "incurred losses" model of CPC 38 (IAS 39) with a prospective "expected credit loss" model. This requires a relevant judgment on how changes in economic factors affect expected credit losses. Such provisions will be measured in: expected 12-month credit losses and expected credit losses for a lifetime, that is, credit losses that result from all possible delinquency events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The Company recorded in its interim financial information, the amount of R\$ 620 referring to the calculation of expected credit losses in the real estate segment. Such adjustment was recorded by deducting the "Accounts receivable from customers" account, as opposed to the "Retained earnings" account.

(iii) Hedge accounting

The Company will continue to adopt the requirements of IAS 39 / CPC 38, as permitted by IFRS 9.

a) Financial Assets

The Company's financial assets are classified as (i) measured at amortized cost, (ii) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and (iii) measured at fair value through profit or loss. The measurement of financial assets depends on their classification.

b) Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade accounts payable, borrowings, related parties and other payables, which are classified as borrowings. After initial recognition, borrowings are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized and through the amortization process under the effective interest rate method.

c) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are measured at fair value, with gains and losses recognized in the income statement, unless hedge accounting is applied.

The Company documents, at inception, the relation between the hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedging transactions.

The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges is classified as "Equity adjustments" in equity. The ineffective portion of such changes is recorded as "Finance income (costs)" in income for the years. The amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified in the income statement for the year when the hedged item affects income statement, and the related effects are recognized as "Net revenue from sales", in order to minimize undesired changes in the hedged item.

2.6 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for under the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is evaluated based on the acquisition-date fair value.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost when the amount exceeds (a) the consideration transferred in exchange for control of the acquiree; (b) the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; and (c) fair value of the interest previously held by the acquirer in the acquiree (if any) that exceeds the amounts, on the acquisition date, net of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, valued at fair value. If, after remeasurement, São Martinho's interest in the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired exceeds (a), (b) and (c) above, the excess amount is immediately recognized in income statement as gain arising from bargain purchase.

Goodwill corresponding to consolidated entities is recorded under specific "Goodwill" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In each business combination, the acquirer shall measure any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree at fair value of these interests or a portion assignable to them in the fair value of net identifiable assets of the acquiree.

Acquisition costs incurred are accounted for as expenses.

Upon acquiring a business, São Martinho assesses financial assets and liabilities assumed so as to correctly classify and designate them in accordance with contractual terms, economic circumstances and relevant conditions on the acquisition date, including the segregation, by the acquiree, of embedded derivatives existing in host contracts.

In case the business combination is performed in stages, the carrying amount on the acquisition date of the controlling interest previously held by the acquirer in the acquiree is remeasured at fair value on acquisition date through income statement.

After initial recognition, goodwill is recorded at cost, less accumulated impairment losses. For impairment test purposes, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, as of acquisition date, allocated to each São Martinho's cash-generating unit, which shall be benefited from such combination synergy, regardless of other assets or liabilities of the acquiree being attributed to these units.

2.7 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership is retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. Standards, interpretations and amendments to standards that are not yet effective

IFRS 16 (CPC 06) – Leasing

It establishes that the leases are recognized in the balance sheet of the lessee, and a liability is recorded for future payments and an intangible asset for the right of use. The definition of lease covers all contracts that give the right to use and control of an identifiable asset, including leases and, potentially, some components of contracts for services. The standard is effective as of January 1, 2019. The Company is evaluating the impact on its financial statements.

4. Significant accounting estimates and judgments

Accounting estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, which are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimates and judgments that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the next financial year are listed below:

(a) Impairment of goodwill

São Martinho tests goodwill for impairment annually. The recoverable amounts of Cash-Generating Units (CGUs) were determined based on calculations of the value in use, based on estimates.

(b) Fair value of biological assets

This represents the present value of expected net cash flows from these assets, which is determined based on assumptions used in the discounted cash flow method.

(c) Income tax, social contribution and other taxes

São Martinho recognizes provisions for situations in which it is probable that additional tax amounts shall be levied. When the final result of these circumstances is different from those initially estimated and recorded, these differences will change the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year in which the definitive amount is determined.

(d) Fair value of derivatives and other financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. São Martinho uses its judgment to select a variety of methods and to make assumptions based mainly on market conditions existing at the statement of financial position date.

In addition, certain financial assets and liabilities are discounted to present value. Management estimates the discount rates most appropriate in each circumstance and period.

(e) Provision for contingencies

São Martinho is party to labor, civil and tax lawsuits at various court levels. The provisions for contingencies to cover losses arising from proceedings pending judgment are set up and restated based on management's assessment, according to the opinion of its legal advisors, and require a high level of judgment on the matters involved.

(f) Business combination and acquisition of ownership interest

Management contracted independent experts to measure fair value of the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities and the contingent liabilities assumed, in addition to the determination of the purchase pricing allocation (PPA).

The assumptions for determining the PPA are primarily based on the market conditions existing at the acquisition date.

(g) ICMS tax benefits

As described in Note 17 (d), subsidiary UBV has ICMS tax incentives granted by Goiás state government. On August 7, 2017, the Complementary Law No. 160/2017 was published regulating the granting of tax benefits in disagreement with item "g" of subsection XII of paragraph 2 of art. 155 of the Federal Constitution.

The States and the Federal District shall regularize/ratify their benefits in this context, by registering and depositing with the Executive Secretariat of the National Council for Fiscal Policy - CONFAZ, the supporting documentation

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

corresponding to the concessionary acts of the fiscal benefits granted by them.

The Company's management has been accompanying, along with its legal advisors, the evolution of the fulfillment of the obligations by the Finance Department of Goiás.

5. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits and other highly-liquid short-term investments with original maturity within three months, readily convertible into a known cash amount and subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

	Company			Consolidated		
	Yields (*)	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	Yields (*)	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Cash and banks - in Brazil		5,184	7,217		6,416	8,461
Cash and banks - abroad (US dollar)	1,75% a.a.	307,392	132,405	1,75% a.a.	307,392	132,404
Total cash and cash equivalents		<u>312,576</u>	<u>139,622</u>		<u>313,808</u>	<u>140,865</u>
Short-term investments						
. Investment fund	102.52%	1,157,507	953,900	102.23%	1,255,489	1,320,851
. Funds - Financial Treasury Bills (LFT) (i)	100% SELIC	24,751	4,159	100% SELIC	24,751	24,371
. Bank Deposit Certificate (CDB)*	97.76%	17,436	19,873	97.76%	17,437	19,873
. Other (i)	100.00%	565	559	100.00%	4,140	6,425
Total financial investments		<u>1,200,259</u>	<u>978,491</u>		<u>1,301,817</u>	<u>1,371,520</u>
In noncurrent assets		<u>42,752</u>	<u>24,591</u>		<u>46,328</u>	<u>50,669</u>
Total available funds		<u>1,470,083</u>	<u>1,093,522</u>		<u>1,569,297</u>	<u>1,461,716</u>

* Current remuneration based on the Interbank Deposit Certificate (CDI) rate variation - weighted average rate

(i) This balance is given as guarantee for financing operations with the BNDES (Finem Direto) with redemption restriction until the maturity of the contracts.

6. Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are stated at present value, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, as applicable.

The balance of trade accounts receivable is broken down as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Domestic customers	115,640	66,583	70,313	202,532
Foreign market customers	70,369	230	170,224	230
	<u>186,009</u>	<u>66,813</u>	<u>240,537</u>	<u>202,762</u>
Current assets	186,009	66,813	215,030	177,893
Noncurrent assets	-	-	25,507	24,869

As mentioned in Note 2.5, the amount receivable from customers is net of a provision for impairment in the amount of R\$ 639, arising from the adoption of IFRS 9. This provision is derived from the real estate segment.

The aging list of these trade accounts receivable is as follows:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Falling due:	184,117	66,813	238,322	201,441
Overdue and not provisioned:				
Within 30 days	259	-	328	276
Over 31 days	1,633	-	1,887	1,045
	<u>186,009</u>	<u>66,813</u>	<u>240,537</u>	<u>202,762</u>

Out of the amount receivable, R\$ 1,674 e R\$ 76, Company and Consolidated, respectively (R\$ 7,594 e R\$ 297, Company and Consolidated, respectively, at March 31, 2017), refer to related parties, as detailed in Note 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

7. Inventories and advances to suppliers

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Current				
Finished products and work-in-process	565,476	117,654	553,532	136,531
Advances - purchases of sugarcane	61,391	60,895	61,391	71,163
Advances - purchases of inputs	50,605	42,030	50,605	62,176
Land subdivisions	-	-	5,762	5,820
Inputs, ancillary materials for maintenance and other	55,789	39,630	55,789	58,964
	<u>733,261</u>	<u>260,209</u>	<u>727,079</u>	<u>334,654</u>
Noncurrent				
Advances - purchases of sugarcane	125,291	88,430	125,291	111,135
	<u>125,291</u>	<u>88,430</u>	<u>125,291</u>	<u>111,135</u>
	<u>858,552</u>	<u>348,639</u>	<u>852,370</u>	<u>445,789</u>

Inventories are stated at average acquisition or production costs, adjusted, when applicable, by the provision for write-down to their realizable value. The land inventory balance (land slots) is stated at acquisition cost, increased by the deemed cost surplus of land.

The balance classified as "Land slots" refers to real estate developments SPE Paineiras, SPE Park, SPE Limeira, SPE Pradópolis and SPE Pradópolis II.

The Company entered into partnerships to purchase sugar cane grown on third-party rural properties (including agricultural partnerships), of which part of the delivery will only occur in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

8. Taxes recoverable

Breakdown of taxes recoverable is as follows:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Current				
PIS / COFINS	8,202	12,423	8,226	13,793
ICMS	13,501	10,383	14,419	21,184
Other	1,109	996	1,116	1,116
	<u>22,812</u>	<u>23,802</u>	<u>23,761</u>	<u>36,093</u>
Noncurrent				
PIS / COFINS	33,391	26,421	33,391	34,807
Brazilian Special Regime for Reinstatement of Taxes for Exporters (REINTEGRA)	65,164	62,100	65,164	62,100
IOF on derivatives	8,158	8,054	8,158	8,054
ICMS	11,034	9,010	11,034	11,143
Social Security Tax (INSS)	6,179	6,092	6,179	6,096
	<u>123,926</u>	<u>111,677</u>	<u>123,926</u>	<u>122,200</u>
	<u>146,738</u>	<u>135,479</u>	<u>147,687</u>	<u>158,293</u>

The balances of taxes recoverable arise from commercial transactions and tax prepayments, adjusted to present value when applicable.

The expected realization of the long-term tax credits is as follows:

Company and Consolidated	June 30, 2018
From 1º/04/2019 to 31/03/2020	98,668
From 1º/04/2020 to 31/03/2021	4,967
From 1º/04/2021 to 31/03/2022	4,967
From 1º/04/2022 to 31/03/2023	4,967
From 1º/04/2023 to 31/03/2024	2,209
From 1º/04/2024 onwards	8,148
	<u>123,926</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

9. Related parties

(a) Company and consolidated balances:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Current assets				
Trade accounts receivable (i)				
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A.	23	155	-	-
Cia Bioenergética Santa Cruz I	821	5	-	-
São Martinho - Energia S.A.	732	803	-	-
São Martinho Terras Agrícolas S.A.	13	32	-	-
Usina Boa Vista S/A	-	6,296	-	-
Usina Santa Luiza S/A	8	63	8	63
Others	77	240	68	234
	1,674	7,594	76	297
Inventories - purchase of sugarcane				
From shareholders / related parties	7,700	7,672	7,700	7,672
Dividends receivable				
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A.	3,211	3,211	-	-
	3,211	3,211	-	-
Noncurrent assets				
Advance for future capital increase				
São Martinho Inova S.A.	693	693	-	-
Usina Santa Luiza S/A	2,500	5,834	2,500	5,834
	3,193	6,527	2,500	5,834
Current liabilities				
Trade account payables				
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A.	423	402	-	-
Cia Bioenergética Santa Cruz I	366	135	-	-
São Martinho - Energia S.A.	-	254	-	-
São Martinho Terras Agrícolas S.A.	10,071	4,535	-	-
Others	172	172	172	172
	11,032	5,498	172	172
Rental of lands				
From shareholders / related parties	3,081	2,458	3,081	2,586
Current liabilities and noncurrent liabilities				
Acquisition of equity interest				
Luiz Ometto Participações S.A. (note 30)	50,253	50,256	50,253	50,256

(i) Refer to the apportionment of expenses with the Shared Services Center.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

(b) Company and Consolidated significant transactions in the period:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Sales revenue				
Cia Bioenergética Santa Cruz 1	2,494	2,051	-	-
São Martinho - Energia S.A.	2,012	1,761	-	-
	<u>4,506</u>	<u>3,812</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Reimbursed expenses/(purchase of products and services)				
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A.	(1,096)	(7,070)	-	-
São Martinho Terras Agrícolas S.A.	(20,143)	(11,624)	-	-
Cia Bioenergética Santa Cruz 1	(970)	(796)	-	-
São Martinho - Energia S.A.	73	68	-	-
Agro Pecuária Boa Vista S/A	33	55	33	55
Usina Boa Vista S/A	-	4,097	-	-
	<u>(22,103)</u>	<u>(15,270)</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>55</u>
Shareholders and Related Parties				
Sugarcane purchases / agricultural partnership and land lease				
Agro Pecuária Boa Vista S/A	(6,569)	(8,218)	(6,569)	(8,218)
Others	(3,929)	(3,371)	(3,929)	(3,925)
	<u>(10,498)</u>	<u>(11,589)</u>	<u>(10,498)</u>	<u>(12,143)</u>

Sales revenue refers to sale of steam. Purchases of products and services are derived from purchase of sugarcane, electricity and steam manufacturing service. Expenses reimbursed by investees refer to the costs of the shared service center, the Board of Directors, and the corporate office. Apportionments are supported by agreements between the parties.

(c) Key management personnel compensation:

Key management personnel include directors and officers. Compensation paid or to be paid for the year is stated as follows:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Salaries, fees and bonus	5,571	22,625	5,978	25,211
Social security and social contributions	1,224	4,481	1,305	4,998
Other	412	1,541	462	1,784
	<u>7,207</u>	<u>28,647</u>	<u>7,745</u>	<u>31,993</u>

Information on the Stock Option Plan offered to the Company's officers, which is not part of their fixed or variable compensation, is described in Note 17 (f).

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

10. Investments

10.1 Subsidiaries, jointly-controlled subsidiaries and affiliates

The balance of investments in other companies, Company and Consolidated, is as follows:

Company	% - Ownership interest (current)	Adjusted equity of investee		Book value of investments		Equity pickup	
		June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Classified in investment							
São Martinho Terras Imobiliárias S.A.	100.00%	151,345	148,494	151,345	148,494	3,469	5,953
São Martinho - Energia S.A.	100.00%	35,473	26,214	35,473	26,214	9,259	8,155
São Martinho Inov a S.A.	100.00%	23,815	24,360	23,815	24,360	(544)	521
São Martinho Terras Agrícolas S.A.	100.00%	1,051,433	1,042,766	1,051,433	1,042,766	8,667	5,824
São Martinho Logística e Participações S.A.	100.00%	2,923	2,952	2,923	2,952	(29)	(30)
Usina Boa Vista S.A. (Note 10.2)	100.00%	-	1,353,646	-	1,353,646	-	30,134
Companhia Bioenergética Santa Cruz I	100.00%	121,638	104,227	121,638	104,227	17,411	13,782
Other		-	-	1,860	1,859	-	-
Total classified in investment		1,386,627	2,702,659	1,388,487	2,704,518	38,233	64,339
Classified in noncurrent liabilities							
Usina Santa Luiza S.A. (i)	66.67%	(16,770)	(21,812)	(11,181)	(14,542)	(305)	(1,986)
Total classified in noncurrent liabilities		(16,770)	(21,812)	(11,181)	(14,542)	(305)	(1,986)
Closing balance		1,369,857	2,680,847	1,377,306	2,689,976	37,928	62,353

There are no cross-holdings between the Company and its investees.

(i) Investees are not consolidated and these investments are reported in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method.

Company	% - Ownership interest (current)	Adjusted equity of investee		Book value of investments		Equity pickup	
		June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Classified in investment							
CTC - Centro de Tecnologia Canavieira S.A. (i)	5.41%	556,794	566,850	30,147	30,693	(544)	94
Other		-	-	1,860	1,859	-	-
Total classified in investment		556,794	566,850	32,007	32,552	(544)	94
Classified in noncurrent liabilities							
Usina Santa Luiza S.A. (i)	66.67%	(16,770)	(21,812)	(11,181)	(14,542)	(305)	(1,986)
Total classified in noncurrent liabilities		(16,770)	(21,812)	(11,181)	(14,542)	(305)	(1,986)
Closing balance		540,024	545,038	20,826	18,010	(849)	(1,892)

10.2 Usina Boa Vista S.A. Incorporation

At the Extraordinary General Meeting held on April 2, 2018, the incorporation of Usina Boa Vista SA by the Company was approved, according to a material fact published on February 28, 2018 and approved by the Board of Directors on the same date.

The Merger is justified insofar as the combination of the UBV's assets with the Company's assets under a single legal entity will allow the structuring and more efficient use of the assets and the agro-industrial operations of the companies involved in order to concentrate in the Company all the activities developed by the UBV. This procedure will lead to the unification of the administration and activities of the two companies, generating greater efficiency, synergy and rationalization of administrative and financial costs.

11. Biological assets

Biological assets correspond to agricultural products under development (standing cane) produced in sugarcane plantations (bearer plant), to be used as raw material in the production of sugar and ethanol upon its harvest. These assets are carried at fair value less costs to sell.

Measurement at fair value of biological assets is classified as Level 3 - Assets and liabilities whose prices do not exist, or whose prices or valuation techniques are supported by a small, nonexistent or illiquid market and unobservable market inputs.

The fair value of biological assets was determined based on the discounted cash flow method, considering basically:

(a) Cash inflows obtained from the multiplication of (i) the estimated production, measured in kilograms of Total Sugar Recoverable (ATR); and (ii) the future market price of sugarcane, which is estimated based on public data and estimates of the future prices of sugar and ethanol; and

(b) Cash outflows represented by estimates of (i) costs necessary for the biological transformation of the sugarcane (cultural treatments) up to the harvest; (ii) costs with harvesting/cutting, loading and transport; (iii) capital costs (land and machinery and equipment); (iv) costs of leases and agricultural partnerships; and (v) taxes on positive cash flows.

The following significant assumptions were used to determine fair value:

	Company		Consolidado	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Harvest estimated total area (ha)	228,142	172,762	228,142	227,343
Expected productivity (ton/ha)	85.37	88.74	85.37	88.23
Number of Total Recoverable Sugar (ATR) per sugar can	138.22	132.56	138.22	133.42
Projected average price of ATR (R\$)	0.5874	0.5759	0.5874	0.5757

At June 30, 2018 the discount rate used to calculate the fair value of biological assets is 8.29% p.a. (7.48% p.a. at March 31, 2018).

Based on the estimates of revenue and costs, the Company determines the future cash flows to be generated and adjusts them to present value, using a discount rate compatible with the remuneration of the investment in the circumstances. Changes in fair value are recorded as biological assets with a corresponding entry to the sub account "Changes in fair value of biological assets", under "Cost of sales" in the income statement for the year.

Changes in fair value of biological assets for the year are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Historical cost	518,751	467,314	686,591	628,164
Fair value	(99,018)	(29,658)	(104,866)	(41,802)
Biological assets at March 31	419,733	437,656	581,725	586,362
Changes:				
Increase resulting from cultivation	106,142	79,017	106,142	103,392
Usina Boa Vista Incorporation	161,994	-	-	-
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	99,973	78,792	99,973	98,555
Change in fair value	31,178	(22,232)	31,178	(17,818)
Fair value surplus - business combination	-	-	-	4,450
Reductions resulting from harvest	(246,300)	(143,369)	(246,298)	(195,987)
Closing balance of biological assets:	572,720	429,864	572,720	578,954
Represented by:				
Historical cost	640,559	481,754	646,408	634,124
Fair value	(67,839)	(51,890)	(73,688)	(55,170)
Closing balance of biological assets:	572,720	429,864	572,720	578,954

The operating activities of sugarcane cultivation are at risk of damage due to climate change, pests and diseases, forest fires and other natural forces. Consequently, future harvest results may be impacted, being increased or reduced.

(a) Agricultural partnerships and lease agreements

The Company entered into agreements of agricultural partnerships to purchase sugarcane produced in the rural properties of third parties, maturing between six and twelve years, renewable upon termination. In addition, the Company has lease agreements for the production of sugarcane.

The amounts to be disbursed in respect of these agreements are determined at the end of each crop by the price of a metric ton of sugarcane established by CONSECANA. At June 30 and March 31, 2018, the total estimated payments (nominal value) are as follows:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Agricultural partnership:				
Within 1 year	309,557	250,931	309,557	316,488
More than 1 year and less than 5 years	933,386	713,263	933,386	933,683
More than 5 years	855,951	499,431	855,951	794,881
(-) Present value adjustment	(676,197)	(423,772)	(676,197)	(627,247)
	1,422,697	1,039,853	1,422,697	1,417,805
Lease agreements:				
Within 1 year	52,072	51,647	52,072	52,550
More than 1 year and less than 5 years	194,905	193,973	194,905	197,586
More than 5 years	421,028	423,542	421,028	428,394
(-) Present value adjustment	(290,738)	(284,875)	(290,738)	(288,064)
	377,267	384,287	377,267	390,466

12. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

The residual value, useful lives of the assets and depreciation methods used are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively, at year end. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method, and for production equipment the accelerated depreciation method is applied, taking into consideration the crushing season.

Maintenance costs that extend the useful lives of property, plant and equipment items are capitalized and items that replace others which suffer wear and tear during the crop period are recorded as assets, and are depreciated during the subsequent crop period. Maintenance costs that do not extend the useful lives of the assets are recognized as expenses when incurred. Replaced items are written off.

Sugarcane plantations correspond to bearer plants that are solely used to cultivate sugarcane. Sugarcane is classified as a permanent crop and its economically productive cycle lasts, on average, eight years after the first harvest.

The costs of charges on borrowings taken to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment are capitalized during the period of time required to execute and prepare the asset for its intended use.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Company	Land	Buildings and outbuildings	Equipment and manufacturing facilities	Inter-crop maintenance	Vehicles	Agricultural machinery and farming implements	Leasehold improvements of third part	Other PPE	Construction in progress	Sugarcane plantation	Total
Balances at March 31, 2017	156,520	245,656	799,206	170,488	165,210	230,906	-	16,552	34,100	715,925	2,534,563
Acquisition	-	54	2,909	220,351	13,019	34,944	-	966	73,597	208,960	554,800
Transfer to biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(127,822)	(127,822)
Cost of sale	(712)	-	(151)	-	(759)	(2,082)	-	(82)	-	-	(3,786)
Transfers between groups	-	4,790	46,573	-	1,822	(7,599)	-	8,150	(62,346)	8,610	-
Depreciation	-	(7,746)	(57,420)	(172,795)	(13,335)	(24,148)	-	(3,197)	-	-	(278,641)
Balances at March 31, 2018	155,808	242,754	791,117	218,044	165,957	232,021	-	22,389	45,351	805,673	2,679,114
Total cost	155,808	287,935	1,174,304	390,839	243,282	402,273	-	66,177	45,351	805,673	3,571,642
Accumulated depreciation	-	(45,181)	(383,187)	(172,795)	(77,325)	(170,252)	-	(43,788)	-	-	(892,528)
Residual value	155,808	242,754	791,117	218,044	165,957	232,021	-	22,389	45,351	805,673	2,679,114
Acquisition	-	121	2,284	1,538	14,023	5,148	-	302	15,991	60,342	99,749
Transfer to biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(99,973)	(99,973)
Cost of sale	-	-	(39)	-	(740)	(2,698)	-	-	-	-	(3,477)
Usina Boa Vista S/A Incorporation	49,198	161,880	413,287	60,568	61,980	80,845	33,300	5,237	4,044	232,839	1,103,178
Transfers between groups	-	3,097	10,239	-	1,241	(611)	-	154	(16,695)	2,575	-
Depreciation	-	(3,806)	(30,302)	(70,038)	(6,997)	(13,444)	(1,448)	(1,228)	-	-	(127,263)
Balances at June 30, 2018	205,006	404,046	1,186,586	210,112	235,464	301,261	31,852	26,854	48,691	1,001,456	3,651,328
Total cost	205,006	453,034	1,600,075	452,945	319,785	484,957	33,300	71,870	48,691	1,001,456	4,671,119
Accumulated depreciation	-	(48,988)	(413,489)	(242,833)	(84,321)	(183,696)	(1,448)	(45,016)	-	-	(1,019,791)
Residual value	205,006	404,046	1,186,586	210,112	235,464	301,261	31,852	26,854	48,691	1,001,456	3,651,328
Residual values:											
Historical cost	46,801	331,199	946,493	210,112	205,418	240,742	31,852	26,854	48,691	1,001,456	3,089,618
Surplus	158,205	72,847	240,093	-	30,046	60,519	-	-	-	-	561,710
Annual average depreciation rates	-	2%	4%	100%	7%	9%	16%	12%	-	14%	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated	Land	Buildings and outbuildings	Equipment and manufacturing facilities	Inter-crop maintenance	Vehicles	Agricultural machinery and farming implements	Leasehold improvements of third party	Other PPE	Construction in progress	Sugarcane plantation	Total
Balances at March 31, 2017	1,808,281	397,378	1,289,764	226,638	226,889	311,971	39,154	22,500	45,805	920,170	5,288,550
Acquisition	2,381	280	4,099	281,996	18,705	50,996	-	1,530	90,804	278,593	729,384
Cost of sale	(2,884)	-	(176)	-	(845)	(5,366)	-	(90)	-	-	(9,361)
Transfers between groups	-	22,414	51,108	-	2,265	(9,904)	-	8,363	(85,293)	11,047	-
Transfer to biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,298)	(171,298)
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,923)	-	(1,923)
Depreciation	-	(11,546)	(79,801)	(229,660)	(19,079)	(34,830)	(5,849)	(4,675)	-	-	(385,440)
Balances at March 31, 2018	1,807,778	408,526	1,264,994	278,974	227,935	312,867	33,305	27,628	49,393	1,038,512	5,449,912
Total cost	1,807,778	487,450	1,805,071	508,634	342,980	552,539	88,623	78,390	49,393	1,038,512	6,759,370
Accumulated depreciation	-	(78,924)	(540,077)	(229,660)	(115,045)	(239,672)	(55,318)	(50,762)	-	-	(1,309,458)
Residual value	1,807,778	408,526	1,264,994	278,974	227,935	312,867	33,305	27,628	49,393	1,038,512	5,449,912
Acquisition	1,905	121	2,284	1,538	14,023	5,148	-	301	15,992	60,342	101,654
Cost of sale	-	-	(39)	-	(740)	(2,698)	-	-	-	-	(3,477)
Transfer to biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(99,973)	(99,973)
Transfers between groups	-	3,097	10,239	-	1,241	(611)	-	155	(16,696)	2,575	-
Depreciation	-	(3,860)	(31,296)	(70,129)	(6,996)	(13,445)	(1,447)	(1,228)	-	-	(128,401)
Balances at June 30, 2018	1,809,683	407,884	1,246,182	210,383	235,463	301,261	31,858	26,856	48,689	1,001,456	5,319,715
Total cost	1,809,683	490,668	1,817,555	510,172	357,504	554,377	88,623	78,845	48,689	1,001,456	6,757,572
Accumulated depreciation	-	(82,784)	(571,373)	(299,789)	(122,041)	(253,116)	(56,765)	(51,989)	-	-	(1,437,857)
Residual value	1,809,683	407,884	1,246,182	210,383	235,463	301,261	31,858	26,856	48,689	1,001,456	5,319,715
Residual values:											
Historical cost	152,418	334,007	990,769	210,383	205,417	240,742	31,858	26,856	48,689	1,001,456	3,242,595
Surplus	1,657,265	73,877	255,413	-	30,046	60,519	-	-	-	-	2,077,120
Annual average depreciation rates	-	2%	4%	100%	7%	9%	16%	12%	-	14%	

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Under the terms of certain borrowing agreements of São Martinho, property, plant and equipment totaling R\$ 1,288,726 consolidated) were pledged as collateral, of which R\$ 287,657 refers to rural properties (8,754 hectares of land).

São Martinho capitalized financial charges amounting to R\$ 360 for de period ended June 30, 2018 (June 30, 2017 - R\$ 167).

13. Intangible assets

Contractual relationships have a defined useful life. Their amortization is calculated on the quantity of sugarcane harvested during the term of the agreement with the partner or supplier.

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Goodwill on future profitability (i)	374,633	374,633	374,633	374,633
Software	29,748	27,025	29,748	29,725
Accumulated amortization	(24,402)	(21,174)	(24,402)	(23,748)
Rights on sugarcane contracts (ii)	7,957	8,780	7,957	8,780
Rights on electricity agreements (iii)	-	-	103,401	103,401
Rights on electricity agreements - amortization (iii)	-	-	(45,572)	(40,001)
Other assets	9,834	9,744	17,482	17,367
	<u>397,770</u>	<u>399,008</u>	<u>463,247</u>	<u>470,157</u>

(i) Goodwill related to business combination of prior years of companies merged into the Company;

(ii) Refers to the acquisition of rights on agreements for agricultural partnership and sugarcane supply (2,281 hectares);

(iii) Refers to the fair value of Bio's agreements for electricity supply, effective up to 2025.

Impairment of nonfinancial assets

Under the provisions of CPC 01 (IAS 36) - Impairment of assets, goodwill, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment at least once a year or more frequently whether evidence of impairment is found. Annual impairment tests are performed at the end of March. To determine whether there was impairment loss, assets are grouped into Cash-Generating Units (CGU), which correspond to the smallest group of

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

assets generating cash flows clearly independent from those generated by another CGU.

At March 31, 2018, the Company tested noncurrent assets for impairment. The assessment was based on calculations of the value in use of each cash-generating unit. These calculations use cash flow projections, before calculation of income and social contribution taxes, based on financial budgets approved by management. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate of the industry in which the CGU operates.

Main assumptions and estimates involved are estimates of sugar and ethanol sales prices, costs related to energy and other macroeconomic data.

Main assumptions used by the Company are as follows:

Cash-Generating Units	Data of March 31, 2018	
	Martinho e Iracema production units	Santa Cruz production unit
Average growth rate of net operating income	3.3%	3.3%
Nominal growth rate for perpetuity	4.5%	4.5%
Discount rate	8.5%	8.5%

14. Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and on their maturity dates they are carried at amortized cost.

Type	Annual charges		Company		Consolidated	
	Rate	Index	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Local currency						
Export credit notes	105.16%	CDI	293,177	397,336	293,177	397,336
BNDES credit facilities	2.66%	+TJLP	135,945	99,706	141,439	154,399
BNDES credit facilities	4.06%	PRÉ	330,038	249,405	336,800	366,064
BNDES credit facilities	3.97%	+SELIC	262	71	262	258
Rural credit	7.76%	PRÉ	705,861	339,314	705,861	444,573
Rural product note	5.00%	PRÉ	5,058	-	5,058	-
FINEP	4.00%	PRÉ	80,114	83,508	80,114	83,508
Agribusiness Receivables Certificate (CRA) (a)	98.02%	CDI	953,244	947,472	953,244	947,472
Agribusiness Receivables Certificate (CRA) (a)	4.88%	+IPCA	412,530	413,077	412,530	413,077
Other securitized credits	4.56%	+IGP-M	24,020	29,274	24,020	29,274
Total in local currency			2,940,249	2,559,163	2,952,505	2,835,961
In foreign currency						
Pre-export financing (PPE)	1.73%	+Libor	871,352	734,471	871,352	734,471
Export credit notes (NCE)	2.10%	+Libor	2,349	8,101	2,349	8,101
International Finance Corporation (IFC) (b)	2.70%	+Libor	348,493	303,797	348,493	303,797
FINEM	2.60%	+Cesta Moedas	42,131	15,036	42,131	42,567
Total in foreign currency			1,264,325	1,061,405	1,264,325	1,088,936
TOTAL			4,204,574	3,620,568	4,216,830	3,924,897
Current			402,733	574,569	406,281	686,630
Noncurrent			3,801,841	3,045,999	3,810,549	3,238,267

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Changes in borrowings for the period are as follows:

Changes in debt	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Prior balance	3,620,568	3,174,394	3,924,897	3,719,060
Financing taken out	981,355	800,721	981,355	825,461
Amortization of principal	(860,599)	(441,197)	(861,477)	(618,488)
Amortization of interest	(60,832)	(54,429)	(61,051)	(76,224)
Monetary restatement	115,942	64,851	116,165	76,099
Foreign exchange differences	116,941	60,314	116,941	62,612
Usina Boa Vista Incorporation	291,199	-	-	-
	<u>4,204,574</u>	<u>3,604,654</u>	<u>4,216,830</u>	<u>3,988,520</u>

Some of the transactions conducted are pegged to swap agreements for Brazilian reais. The effect at June 30 and March 31, 2018 was as follows:

Type	June 30, 2018				March 31, 2018			
	Company		Consolidated		Company		Consolidated	
	Fair value (MIM)	Debt balance (Accrual)	Fair value (MIM)	Debt balance (Accrual)	Fair value (MIM)	Debt balance (Accrual)	Fair value (MIM)	Debt balance (Accrual)
Swap transactions - from fixed rate to floating rate	345,912	348,981	345,912	348,981	237,742	238,612	340,385	341,634
Swap transactions - from libor to fixed rate	2,348	2,349	2,348	2,349	25,750	26,322	25,750	26,322
Non-swap transactions - local currency	2,591,268	2,591,268	2,603,524	2,603,524	2,320,549	2,320,549	2,468,004	2,468,004
Non-swap transactions - foreign currency	1,261,976	1,261,976	1,261,976	1,261,976	1,035,084	1,035,085	1,088,937	1,088,937
TOTAL	<u>4,201,504</u>	<u>4,204,574</u>	<u>4,213,760</u>	<u>4,216,830</u>	<u>3,619,125</u>	<u>3,620,568</u>	<u>3,923,076</u>	<u>3,924,897</u>

Noncurrent borrowings mature as follows:

	Company	Consolidated
From 01/07/2019 to 30/6/2020	801,085	804,599
From 01/07/2020 to 30/6/2021	1,169,460	1,172,577
From 01/07/2021 to 30/6/2022	330,183	331,316
From 01/07/2022 to 30/6/2023	774,459	775,403
After 2023	726,654	726,654
	<u>3,801,841</u>	<u>3,810,549</u>

At June 30, 2018, R\$ 1,874,999 of the São Martinho's debt is charged, with 49% in equipment, 27% in receivables, 14% in land and 10% in others.

Covenants

The Company has covenants amounting to R\$ 1,066,068,921, which are required and determined annually, the conditions of which are met for the period ended June 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

15. Trade accounts payable

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Sugarcane	181,945	55,031	171,452	71,540
Materials, services and other	63,795	56,862	63,282	82,606
	<u>245,740</u>	<u>111,893</u>	<u>234,734</u>	<u>154,146</u>

Out of the total trade accounts payable, R\$ 14,113 and R\$ 3,253 Company and Consolidated, respectively (R\$ 7,956 and R\$ 2,586 Company and Consolidated, respectively) refer to related parties, as detailed in Note 9.

16. Agreements with Copersucar

In Copersucar withdrawal process, the Company entered into a contract providing for rights and obligations that have not yet expired. Significant obligations and rights are as follows:

(a) Obligations:

Copersucar provided funds to companies during the period in which they were cooperative members through bills of exchange, for the purpose of financing their operations. The funds were obtained by the Cooperative and refer to temporary cash surpluses arising from preliminary injunctions in lawsuits claiming suspension of the enforceability of taxes. These cash surpluses are related to provisions for contingencies recorded by the Cooperative under noncurrent liabilities. However, in the event of unfavorable outcomes in lawsuits, the Company could be required to reimburse the amount within 120 days. The main amounts included in these liabilities arose from Federal VAT (IPI), whose constitutionality and lawfulness had been challenged in court by the Cooperative, and from tax liabilities included in the Tax Recovery Program (REFIS) of Copersucar, as shown below.

Company and Consolidated	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
REFIS - Copersucar - Restated by reference to SELIC	88,237	89,197
Exchange Bill (LC) - Restated by reference to SELIC	62,343	62,004
Exchange Bill (LC) - Transfer of funds without incurring losses	48,547	48,547
Expenses with tax proceedings	8,583	8,583
Other	2,039	2,039
Total	<u>209,749</u>	<u>210,370</u>
Current liabilities	<u>8,583</u>	<u>8,583</u>
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>201,166</u>	<u>201,787</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Bank sureties guarantee all the Company's obligations with Copersucar. In addition, in accordance with the terms negotiated for the withdrawal of Copersucar, the Company remains liable for obligations, proportionate to its investment in Copersucar in previous crops, which result from tax assessments that may arise and that relate to periods in which the Company was a cooperative member.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, Copersucar joined the PERT (Special Tax Regularization Program), including debts that were being discussed in court. The total amount disbursed by the Company is R\$ 30,777.

Copersucar has been served delinquency notices with respect to State VAT (ICMS) on fuel and industrial ethanol sales made up to December 31, 2008, which amount attributed to Company would be R\$ 246,020 (estimated amount and updated up to March 31, 2018).

Copersucar believes that it has solid arguments to support the success of the defenses of the fines imposed on them in these assessments and its legal advisors evaluate the aforementioned causes as a possible loss risk.

(b) Rights:

Copersucar also figures as plaintiff in legal proceedings challenging the refund/overpayment of various taxes or indemnities. São Martinho, in the condition of former cooperative member, will be entitled proportionally to these credits, if any, and will inform the market when such rights become good and marketable on behalf of the Company.

As disclosed by Copersucar in its financial statements of March 31, 2018, the Judiciary condemned the Union to indemnify the cooperative for damages caused to its members resulting from the fixing of lagged prices on sales of sugar and ethanol made in the 1980s. There was a request for payment in the order of R\$ 5.6 billion (R\$ 730.5 million in proportion to the Company). The payment of a supplementary balance in the order of R\$ 12.8 billion (R\$ 1.7 billion in proportion) is pleaded, and the Federal Government claimed an excess of R\$ 2.2 billion (R\$ 286.3 million in proportion to the Company), in a manifestation dated May 4, 2018.

The decision on the issuance of the pre-order related to the R\$ 10.6 billion (R\$ 1.4 billion proportional to the Company), considered complementary to the uncontroversial part, is still pending publication. The same is blocked and subject to the lodging of appeals by the Union and will follow the rite of judicial installments ("precatórios").

At the date of preparation of this interim financial information, Management maintains the classification of this credit as probable, but not under its control, which is why the credit right remains unrecorded and is being disclosed.

17. Equity

(a) Capital

At June 30 and March 31, 2018, capital amounted to R\$ 1,549,302, and is represented by 364,011,329 common registered shares, with no par value.

The Company is authorized to increase its capital up to the limit of 372,000,000 (three hundred and seventy-two million) common shares, regardless of amendments to bylaws, upon resolution by the Board of Directors, which will determine the share issue conditions, including price and payment term.

At the Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 27, 2018, the shareholders approved a capital increase in the amount of R \$ 147,350, without issuance of new common shares, using a capital budget reserve.

(b) Treasury shares

Since these are equity instruments that are repurchased, they are recognized at acquisition cost and recognized in a reduction account of Shareholders' Equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the statement of income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of equity instruments owned by the Company.

During the period ended June 30, 2018, there were no treasury stock exchanges, remaining the balance of 13,208,663 shares.

(c) Equity adjustments

(i) Deemed cost

This corresponds to the deemed cost surplus of land, buildings and premises, equipment and manufacturing facilities, vehicles and machinery, and agricultural implements. Amounts are recorded net of tax effects and their realization is based on depreciation, write-offs or sale of related assets. Realized amounts are transferred to "Retained earnings".

(ii) Hedge accounting fair value

This refers to the results of unrealized/settled derivative financial instrument transactions that qualify for hedge accounting. The balance is reversed over time from equity, as the related transactions mature/are shipped.

(d) Income reserve

Legal reserve

Legal reserve is annually set up with allocation of 5% of net income for the year, capped at 20% of capital. The purpose of the legal reserve is to ensure maintenance of adequate capital level and may only be used to absorb losses and increase capital.

Capital investment reserve

The capital investment reserve is intended to fund investments in increasing production capacity and in several projects intended for improving processes.

Unrealized income reserve

This reserve refers to unearned income, comprising the sale of equity interest held in ABV, sale of properties arising from real estate developments, gains/losses on equity pickup and gain due to change in equity interest.

Tax incentive reserve

Subsidiary UBV benefits from a state tax incentive program with Goiás State, in the form of deferral of the ICMS payment, named "Goiás Industrial Development Program - Produzir", with partial reduction on such tax. The use of this benefit by subsidiary UBV is conditional upon compliance with all obligations set forth in the program, whose conditions refer to factors under the control of UBV.

The benefit related to the reduction in the payment of this tax is calculated on the debt balance determined in each calculation period, by applying the discount percentage granted by the tax incentive.

The amount of this grant calculated for the period was recorded in the statement of profit or loss under "Deductions from gross revenue", reducing the "ICMS payable" account. Since this amount may not be allocated as dividends, a reserve for tax incentives is set up, matched against "Retained earnings", in the amount determined for the grant.

The amount of this incentive that impacted profit or loss for the period ended June 30, 2018 was R\$ 17,637, Company and Consolidated (R\$ 5,426 at June 30, 2017, Consolidated).

(e) Dividends

Shareholders are entitled to receive a minimum dividend of 25% on net income for the year, after the deduction of any accumulated losses and the allocation to the legal reserve.

At the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on July 27, 2018, the shareholders ratified the payment of additional dividends in the amount of R \$ 31,569, as proposed by management for the year ended March 31, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

(f) Stock option plan

During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, was defined the change in the balances of the current Stock Option Plan, which was approved at a Board of Directors' meeting held on May 2, 2018. This plan will govern by the cash settlement rule of the positive difference between the market value on the day before the exercise versus the price set in each program. The other terms determined in the new plans will be the same as already established in the previously agreed contracts.

In accordance with IFRS 2 (CPC 10), due to the change in the form of liquidation of the plans, previously settled with equity instruments, it was settled in cash, the balance provisioned on June 30, 2018 referring to Virtual Options was transferred to item of "Salaries and Charges payable" in current liabilities.

During the period the Company recognized an expense of R\$ 5,775, reflecting the new calculation of the fair value of the Virtual Options Plan. The carrying amount of the liability as of June 30, 2018 is R\$ 17,852.

The balances of the virtual options plans issued and their movement in the period ended June 30, 2018 are shown below:

Plan	4th Plan	5th Plan	6th Plan	7th Plan	8th Plan	9th Plan	Total
Plan issue date	17/12/2012	16/12/2013	15/12/2014	14/12/2015	12/12/2016	02/05/2018	
Deadline for exercise (i)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Options granted	295,756	684,720	873,459	740,796	779,934	882,073	4,256,738
Outstanding stock options	295,756	684,720	873,459	740,796	779,934	882,073	4,256,738
Strike price (8.37	9.13	12.04	15.87	17.70	17.76	

(i) The virtual options for each of the plans may be exercised after their respective grace periods, which generally follow the following scheme: 1/3 after the 2nd year of the grant, 1/3 after the third year of the grant and 1/3 after the 4th year of the grant, all with deadlines as established in each plan.

(g) Capital reserve

Refers to the valuation at market value of the Company's shares issued at the time of the exchange of shares with the non-controlling shareholders.

18. Profit sharing program

The Company manages, as part of its policy, a profit sharing program based on operating and financial targets previously agreed upon with its employees. The amount of profit sharing for the periods ended 30 June, 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

and 2017, recorded as operating costs or expenses in the income statement totaled R\$ 12,318 and R\$ 9,341, respectively, in the Company (Consolidated - R\$ 12,324 e R\$ 11,590), respectively.

19. Income and social contribution taxes

Deferred income and social contribution taxes are calculated on income and social contribution tax losses, and corresponding temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to offset temporary differences and/or tax losses, considering deferred income projections prepared and based on internal assumptions and future economic scenarios which may, therefore, be subject to changes.

(a) Deferred income and social contribution taxes

Company	March 31, 2018	Recognized in P&L	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Recognized in equity	June 30, 2018
. Income and social contribution tax losses	24,206	19,017	-	-	43,223
. Derivative financial instruments	27,727	666	76,247	-	104,640
. Provision for contingencies	23,197	7,893	-	1,858	32,948
. Biological assets and agricultural product (change in fair value)	35,159	(1,847)	-	(3,475)	29,837
. Provision for other obligations	7,175	7,886	-	19	15,080
. Other assets	6,429	(2,344)	-	(33)	4,052
Total income and social contribution tax assets	123,893	31,271	76,247	(1,631)	229,780
. Surplus of PPE (Deemed cost)	(162,391)	2,906	-	(1,383)	(160,868)
. Accelerated depreciation incentive	(180,591)	(24,539)	-	(49,515)	(254,645)
. Tax benefit on merged goodwill	(130,858)	(7,329)	-	-	(138,187)
. Gain on bargain purchase/surplus value - PPA	(52,669)	(7,130)	-	-	(59,799)
. Foreign exchange differences	(8,667)	(59,437)	-	-	(68,104)
. Divestiture with deferred taxation	(18,973)	-	-	-	(18,973)
. Securitized financing	(13,587)	439	-	-	(13,148)
. Present value adjustment	(600)	209	-	-	(391)
Total income and social contribution tax liabilities	(568,336)	(94,881)	-	(50,898)	(714,115)
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(444,443)	(63,610)	76,247	(52,529)	(484,335)

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated	March 31, 2018	Recognized in P&L	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Recognized in equity	June 30, 2018
. Income and social contribution tax losses	24,205	19,017	-	-	43,222
. Derivative financial instruments	27,728	666	76,247	-	104,641
. Provision for contingencies	25,056	7,893	-	-	32,949
. Biological assets and agricultural product (change in fair value)	31,686	(1,847)	-	-	29,839
. Employees' profit sharing and bonus	508	-	-	-	508
. Provision for other obligations	7,175	7,886	-	-	15,061
. Other assets	5,905	(1,976)	-	-	3,929
Total income and social contribution tax assets	122,263	31,639	76,247	-	230,149
. Surplus of PPE (Deemed cost)	(646,075)	2,983	-	-	(643,092)
. Accelerated depreciation incentive	(230,105)	(24,539)	-	-	(254,644)
. Tax benefit on merged goodwill	(130,858)	(7,329)	-	-	(138,187)
. Gain on bargain purchase/surplus value - PPA	(52,669)	(7,130)	-	-	(59,799)
. Foreign exchange differences	(8,667)	(59,437)	-	-	(68,104)
. Divestiture with deferred taxation	(18,973)	-	-	-	(18,973)
. Securitized financing	(13,587)	439	-	-	(13,148)
. Present value adjustment	(599)	209	-	-	(390)
. Other liabilities	(151)	-	-	-	(151)
. Intangible assets	(23,012)	-	-	1,916	(21,096)
. Gain due to change in ownership interest - CTC	(4,964)	-	-	-	(4,964)
Total income and social contribution tax liabilities	(1,129,660)	(94,804)	-	1,916	(1,222,548)
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(1,007,397)	(63,165)	76,247	1,916	(992,399)
Other deferred taxes	(526)	-	-	-	(526)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented net in the statement of financial position, by company, when there is a legally enforceable right and the intention to offset them on the calculation of current taxes and when related to the same tax authority.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets based on projection of taxable profit in subsequent years. This projection is revised on an annual basis and within ten years.

Deferred income and social contribution tax liabilities are realized mainly through the depreciation and disposal of property, plant and equipment items that gave rise to them. Realization of this liability is estimated at the average rate of 15% per year, according to the depreciation rates of the respective property, plant and equipment items, except for the deferred tax liabilities on the surplus of land, which will be realized if sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

(b) Reconciliation of income and social contribution taxes

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Pretax income	151,681	146,644	153,825	160,911
Income and social contribution taxes at nominal rates (34%)	(51,572)	(49,859)	(52,301)	(54,710)
Adjustments for calculation of effective tax rate:				
. Equity pickup	12,896	21,200	(289)	(643)
. Other permanent exclusions/(additions), net	6,499	2,433	6,499	2,373
. State subsidy	-	-	-	1,845
. Adjustment of the subsidiary's calculation taxed by presumed profit	-	-	11,770	10,629
. IRPJ and CSLL previously unused credits recorded	-	(3,780)	-	(3,782)
. Other	(330)	235	(330)	250
Income and social contribution tax expense	(32,507)	(29,771)	(34,651)	(44,038)
Income and social contribution tax effective rate	21.4%	20.3%	22.5%	27.4%
Current income and social contribution taxes	16,853	(18,614)	14,264	(20,905)
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(49,360)	(11,157)	(48,915)	(23,133)
Current income and social contribution taxes - prior periods	(965)	-	(965)	-
Deferred income and social contribution taxes - prior periods	(14,250)	-	(14,250)	-
Income and social contribution tax effective rate	21.4%	20.3%	22.5%	27.4%

20. Commitments

São Martinho assumes various commitments in the ordinary course of its business. Significant commitments to be disclosed in these financial statements are as follows:

Riparian forests and land for legal reserve

São Martinho has uncultivated areas covered by conserved native vegetation in the process of regeneration or enrichment, corresponding to riparian forests and land for legal reserve, intended to ensure the ecological balance of the environment, contributing to the preservation of biodiversity and the sustainability of agricultural activities, strictly observing the provisions in the Forest Code in relation to the preservation of the Permanent Preservation Areas ("APP") and Legal Reserve ("RL").

The Company has already provided for the registry of its properties with the Environmental Rural Registry ("CAR") and will join the Program for Environmental Regularization ("PRA"). The manner in which investments for environmental regularization, if any, will be performed as well as the time required for their execution are not measurable at this time. Investments in preservation areas and other environmental regularization activities, when made, are recorded under property, plant and equipment.

Ethanol supply agreement

Under a sale and purchase agreement, the Company has agreed to supply industrial ethanol to Mitsubishi Corporation, beginning with the 2008/2009 crop until 2038/2039 crop, under market conditions.

Electricity supply

The Company, BIO and SME have commitments for sale of part of their production through the Electric Energy Trade Chamber (CCEE) both in the regulated market (auctions) and in the free market (sales contracts with third parties).

Purchase of inputs

The Company has commitments for the purchase of inputs intended for maintenance of the plantation over the crop. The referred to operation is performed through purchase for future delivery.

21. Provision for contingencies

Provisions are recognized when São Martinho has a present legal or constructive obligation arising from past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably measured. Provisions are set up, reviewed and adjusted to reflect management's best estimate at the financial statements reporting dates.

21.1 Probable losses

São Martinho, based on legal advisors' assessment of probable losses, has the following provisions for contingencies (amounts monetarily restated):

Company	Tax	environmental	Labor	TOTAL	Judicial deposits
Balance as of March 31, 2018	12,665	5,698	51,733	70,096	24,150
UBV Incorporation	3,194	21,420	4,011	28,625	4,349
Additions	11	537	3,527	4,075	1,183
Reversals	(697)	(95)	(1,134)	(1,926)	-
Use	(349)	(453)	(3,369)	(4,171)	(2,722)
Restatements	(145)	1,216	1,605	2,676	256
Balance at June 30, 2018	14,679	28,323	56,373	99,375	27,216

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated	Tax	environmental	Labor	TOTAL	Judicial deposits
Balance as of March 31, 2018	15,868	27,511	55,743	99,122	28,673
Additions	11	537	3,527	4,075	1,183
Reversals	(697)	(95)	(1,134)	(1,926)	-
Use	(349)	(453)	(3,369)	(4,171)	(2,722)
Restatements	(145)	1,228	1,605	2,688	256
Balance at June 30, 2018	14,688	28,728	56,372	99,788	27,390

Judicial deposits are monetarily restated and reported in noncurrent assets.

The nature of the main lawsuits at June 30, 2018, included in the above provisions is as follows (Company and consolidated):

Tax proceedings:

These refer to: (a) taxes whose payment has been challenged in court by São Martinho; the amounts challenged have been deposited in court; and (b) success fees payable to legal advisors for defenses in tax proceedings.

Civil and environmental proceedings:

These refer to: (i) general indemnities; (ii) redress for damages caused by the burning of sugarcane straw; and (iii) environmental issues.

Labor claims:

These refer mainly to claims for: (i) overtime; (ii) commuting hours; (iii) indemnity for elimination of the break between shifts; (iv) hazardous duty and health hazard premiums; (v) refund of payroll deductions, such as union dues; (vi) night shift premium; and (vii) recognition of employment relationship with the consequent payment of the 13th monthly salary and vacation pay, plus 1/3 vacation bonus.

21.2 Possible losses

São Martinho is party to various lawsuits involving tax, environmental and civil matters that were assessed by legal advisors as possible losses. The nature and the amounts involved in these lawsuits are as follows:

Nature		Company				Consolidated			
		June 30, 2018		March 31, 2018		June 30, 2018		March 31, 2018	
		Number of proceedings	Amount	Number of proceedings	Amount	Number of proceedings	Amount	Number of proceedings	Amount
Tax									
Social security contribution	(i)	15	202,599	15	199,114	15	202,599	15	199,114
Calculation of IRPJ/CSLL	(ii)	5	262,526	5	258,010	5	262,526	5	258,010
Offset of federal taxes	(iii)	64	95,245	65	89,061	65	95,401	66	89,214
ICMS	(iv)	10	24,779	9	12,832	10	24,779	10	24,352
Other tax proceedings	(v)	14	1,650	10	1,373	14	1,650	11	1,373
Civil									
Indemnities		16	3,673	15	4,211	16	3,673	15	4,211
Review of contracts		6	6,557	4	5,857	9	6,612	8	5,912
Other civil proceedings		25	74	14	70	25	74	15	71
Environmental		42	7,389	43	7,645	42	7,389	43	7,645
Labor		40	903	17	61	40	903	20	61
TOTAL		237	605,395	197	578,234	241	605,606	208	589,963

Tax proceedings:

- (i) These refer to the levy of Social Security Tax (INSS) on export revenue, under the allegation that exports carried out through intermediation of a cooperative are not included in the exemption established in article 149, paragraph 2, of the Brazilian Federal Constitution.
- (ii) These refer to exclusion of expenses on securitized financing, as well as expenses arising of accelerated tax-incentive depreciation as provided in art. 314 of the RIR / 99.
- (iii) The proceedings refer to requests to offset IRPJ, CSLL, Contribution Taxes on Gross Revenue for Social Integration Program (PIS) and for Social Security Financing (COFINS) and other federal taxes as a result of overpayments and/or tax losses proportional to export credits whose offset has been rejected by the Brazilian IRS (RFB) and which are pending judgment of protest letters/voluntary appeals.
- (iv) These proceedings address allegedly undue ICMS credit arising from capital expenditures control register (CIAP).
- (v) These proceedings refer to disputes involving other tax cases, including, among others, tax delinquency notices related to a fine arising from lack of approval of offset, Municipal Real Estate Tax (IPTU) collection claims, contribution to the National Service for Industrial Training (SENAI) and the fee to the National Department of Mineral Research (DNPM).

The civil lawsuits deal with lawsuits in general arising from (i) traffic accidents and (ii) review of contracts.

The environmental proceedings deal with tax assessments of CETESB and / or environmental police resulting from the burning of sugarcane straw, as well as annulment actions to cancel the fines applied by the aforementioned bodies.

The labor lawsuits have as main motive the infringements issued by the Ministry of Labor and / or annulment actions to cancel these mentioned cases.

22. Derivative financial instruments and risk management

The Company is exposed to market risks, including foreign exchange risk, commodity price volatility risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Company management understands risk management is critical to: (i) continuous monitoring of exposure levels relating to the sales volumes contracted; (ii) estimates of the value of each risk based on the established limits of foreign exchange exposure and sugar sales prices; and (iii) future cash flow forecasts and the definition of approval authority levels for taking out financial instruments designed to protect product prices and to hedge

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

sales performance against foreign exchange fluctuation, price volatility and interest rate.

Derivative financial instruments are taken out exclusively for the purpose of pricing and hedging the Company's sugar, ethanol and other product export transactions against foreign exchange risk, sugar price fluctuation and interest rate variations. No transactions with financial instruments are carried out for speculative purposes.

22.1 Market risks

(a) Currency risk

Management has established a policy that requires that São Martinho's companies manage their currency risk to reduce the potential impact entailed by this currency mismatch.

Non-Derivable Forwards (NDF) and swap and options strategies are used to manage currency risk. São Martinho's financial risk management policy defines guidelines that establish the adequate hedge volume of expected cash flows, particularly those related to export sales.

Assets and liabilities subject to foreign exchange difference

The table below summarizes foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities (in US dollars - US\$), recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position at June 30, 2018:

Consolidated	June 30, 2018	Thousands of US\$ equivalent
Current and noncurrent assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (banks - demand deposits)	307,392	79,722
Trade accounts receivable	170,224	44,148
Derivative financial instruments	66,530	17,255
Total assets	544,146	141,125
Current and noncurrent liabilities:		
Loans and financing	1,264,325	327,953
Derivative financial instruments	71,972	18,669
Total liabilities	1,336,297	346,622
Subtotal assets (liabilities)	(792,151)	(205,497)
(-) Borrowings linked to exports - ACC and PPE	873,701	226,629
Net exposure - assets	81,550	21,132

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

These assets and liabilities were restated and recorded in the quarterly information at June 30, 2018 at the exchange rate in effect on that date, of R\$ 3.8558 per US\$ 1.00 for assets and R\$ 3.8552 per US\$ 1.00 for liabilities.

(b) Commodity price volatility risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in commodity price of manufactured products such as sugar and ethanol. At June 30, 2018, the prices of, 504,519 tons of sugar had been determined with commercial partners for delivery in 18/19 crop, priced at an average of 14.49 ¢/lb (US dollar cents per pound weight), including polarization premium.

(c) Cash flow or fair value risk associated with interest rate

São Martinho takes out borrowings at floating rates. Regarding borrowings in local currency, the risk of fluctuation in interest rates is mitigated naturally since investments are all remunerated at floating rates. As regards foreign currency, swaps may be contracted to mitigate possible interest-rate fluctuations (Libor).

(d) Market risk sensitivity analysis

The following table provides a sensitivity analysis of the effects of changes in the relevant risk factors to which the Company is exposed. Such analysis considers only instruments that are not designated for hedge accounting.

Consolidated	Risk factor	Impacts on P&L		
		Probable scenarios - 5%	Possible scenarios - 25%	Possible scenarios - 50%
Cash and cash equivalents	Decrease in exchange rate - R\$/US\$	(15,428)	(77,139)	(154,277)
Trade accounts receivable	Decrease in exchange rate - R\$/US\$	(3,519)	(17,595)	(35,190)
Borrowings	Increase in exchange rate - R\$/US\$	(264)	(1,318)	(2,636)
Derivative financial instruments				
. Term currency contracts	Increase in exchange rate - R\$/US\$	(28)	(139)	(278)
Swap contracts (a)	Decrease in exchange rate - R\$/US\$ - and increase in interest curve	(664)	(1,660)	(3,326)
Net exposure		<u>(19,903)</u>	<u>(97,851)</u>	<u>(195,707)</u>

(a) The sensitivity analysis of variations in interest curves considers the effects of an increase or decrease of 5bps, 25bps and 50bps (basis points) in the pricing curve of the derivative instruments. The exposure to rates refers exclusively to variations in the Interbank Deposit (DI) curve, Libor and foreign exchange coupons.

(e) Financial instruments

The Company opted for hedge accounting to recognize part of its financial instruments. The instruments elected for designation are: a) derivatives of sugar, ethanol and foreign currency - US dollar; and b) foreign currency debts

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

- US dollar - that cover sales of the 2018/2018 to 2020/2021 crops and were classified as cash flow hedge of highly probable expected transactions (future sales).

In order to apply hedge accounting, prospective tests were carried out to verify effectiveness. These tests showed that the hedge-designated instruments qualify as highly effective hedges against the effects of price fluctuations on the value of future sales.

In the case of sugar hedges, the derivatives were designated as a cash flow hedge in respect of future sales of sugar. These transactions are carried out in the New York - Intercontinental Exchange (ICE Futures US) and with top-tier financial institutions through over-the-counter contracts or directly with customers.

In the case of foreign exchange hedges, derivative and non-derivative financial instruments were designated as a cash flow hedge in respect of future sales in foreign currency. These hedges are reviewed upon contracting of Non-Deliverable Forwards (NDFs), swap and option strategies as well as debt in foreign currency taken out with top-tier financial institutions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

The balances of assets and liabilities at June 30 and March 31, 2018 relating to transactions with derivative financial instruments and their maturities are as follows:

Consolidated	June 30, 2018			
	Contracted amount/volume	Average price/rate	Notional value - R\$	Fair value - R\$
<u>In current assets - Gain</u>				
Margin deposit				1,550
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	293,892	14.48	361,747	46,790
. Purchase commitment	23,623	12.45	25,001	418
Merchandise futures contracts - Ethanol				
. Sale commitment	7,650	1,694.61	12,964	-
. Purchase commitment	1,800	1,806.67	3,252	-
Merchandise forward contracts - Sugar # 11				
. Sale commitment	17,781	15.28	23,096	4,314
Merchandise forward currency contracts (NDF) - Dollar - OTC				
. Sale commitment	271	4.0499	1,098	13
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in puts options	22,861	14.56	28,295	3,962
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in puts options	16,044	3.4134	54,710	246
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				6,666
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in current assets</u>				<u>63,959</u>
<u>In noncurrent assets - Gain</u>				
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	2,235	13.55	2,574	46
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in puts options	2,540	13.50	2,915	308
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in puts options	11,996	3.7933	45,465	1,238
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				979
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in noncurrent assets</u>				<u>2,571</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated	June 30, 2018			
	Contracted amount/volume	Average price/rate	Notional value - R\$	Fair value - R\$
<u>In current liabilities - Loss</u>				
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	13,920	11.98	14,176	402
. Purchase commitment	27,687	13.37	31,467	2,175
Merchandise forward contracts - Sugar # 11				
. Sale commitment	33,022	12.97	36,408	402
Merchandise forward currency contracts (NDF) - Dollar - OTC				
. Sale commitment	117,603	3.4482	405,519	54,655
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in call options	22,861	15.94	30,976	471
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in call options	16,044	3.6386	58,400	5,202
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in current liabilities</u>				<u>63,307</u>
<u>In noncurrent liabilities - Loss</u>				
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	711	13.20	798	7
Merchandise forward contracts - Sugar # 11				
. Sale commitment	16,765	13.15	18,740	215
Merchandise forward currency contracts (NDF) - Dollar - OTC				
. Sale commitment	12,104	3.9043	47,258	1,532
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in call options	2,540	14.50	3,131	194
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in call options	11,996	3.9487	47,384	2,813
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				3,904
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in noncurrent liabilities</u>				<u>8,665</u>

Consolidated	March 31, 2018			
	Contracted amount/volume	Average price/rate	Notional value - R\$	Fair value - R\$
<u>In current assets - Gain</u>				
Margin deposit				824
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	330,571	14.90	322,256	48,446
Merchandise futures contracts - Ethanol				
. Sale commitment	6,300	1,560.24	328	23
Merchandise forward contracts - Sugar # 11				
. Sale commitment	29,973	15.28	29,964	5,418
Non-Deliverable Forward (NDF) - Dollar - OTC				
. Sale commitment	67,819	3.3972	230,395	3,157
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in puts options	22,861	14.56	21,777	2,189
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in puts options	12,900	3.2977	42,570	1,217
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				7,899
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in current assets</u>				<u>69,173</u>
<u>In noncurrent assets - Gain</u>				
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				3,617
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in noncurrent assets</u>				<u>3,617</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated	March 31, 2018			
	Contracted amount/volume	Average price/rate	Notional value - R\$	Fair value - R\$
<u>In current liabilities - Loss</u>				
Merchandise futures contracts - Sugar # 11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Sale commitment	57,915	13.98	52,972	293
. Purchase commitment	63,452	13.59	56,418	4,808
Non-Deliverable Forward (NDF) - Dollar - OTC				
. Sale commitment	53,876	3.2918	177,349	2,325
Merchandise options contracts - Sugar #11 - Commodities Exchange				
. Bidding position in call options	22,861	15.94	23,842	772
Merchandise flexive options contracts - Dollar - OTC				
. Bidding position in call options	12,900	3.5568	45,924	646
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				18
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in current liabilities</u>				<u>8,862</u>
<u>In noncurrent liabilities - Loss</u>				
Swap contracts - interest - OTC				930
<u>Total derivative financial instruments in noncurrent liabilities</u>				<u>930</u>

Margin deposit balances refer to funds maintained in current accounts with brokers to cover the initial margins and variation established by the Commodities Exchange in which the contracts are executed, with the objective of guaranteeing open contracts and net remittances in relation to daily adjustments resulting from fluctuations in contract prices in the futures and options market.

The potential results of futures, options and forward contracts refer to the cumulative positive (negative) effect of the fair value of derivative financial instruments in the corresponding categories.

At June 30, 2018, financial instruments designated for hedge accounting are broken down as follows:

Company and Consolidated	Assets	Liabilities	TOTAL in other comprehensive income
Financial instruments:			
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	57,745	13,065	44,680
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	34	61,453	(61,419)
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finar	-	295,177	(295,177)
	57,779	369,695	(311,916)
Deferred taxes on the items above	(19,645)	(125,696)	106,051
	<u>38,134</u>	<u>243,999</u>	<u>(205,865)</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

(f) Estimated realization

At June 30, 2018, impacts reported in the Company's equity and estimated realization in the income statement are as follows:

Company and Consolidated	18/19 Crop	Crops 19/20 and 20/21	Crops 21/22 and 22/23	From 22/23 crops to 25/26	TOTAL
Derivative financial instruments:					
Commodity derivatives - Futures, options and forward contracts	45,134	(454)	-	-	44,680
Foreign exchange derivatives - Options / NDF	(58,046)	(3,373)	-	-	(61,419)
Foreign exchange differences on borrowing agreements (Trade Finance)	(3,856)	(15,553)	(120,014)	(155,754)	(295,177)
	(16,768)	(19,380)	(120,014)	(155,754)	(311,916)
Deferred taxes on the items above	5,701	6,589	40,805	52,956	106,051
	(11,067)	(12,791)	(79,209)	(102,798)	(205,865)

22.2 Credit risk

Credit risk management consists of contracting only with top-tier financial institutions which meet the São Martinho's risk assessment criteria. São Martinho controls, on a monthly basis, its exposure in derivatives and financial investments, using maximum concentration criteria based on the rating of the financial institution.

With respect to customers default risk, São Martinho's assesses the credit risk associated with each customer annually, and whenever a new customer is included in its base, establishing an individual credit limit based on the risk identified.

22.3 Liquidity risk

The Finance Department monitors rolling forecasts of the São Martinho's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet its operational needs and short-term debt.

Cash surplus in local currency is invested in repurchase agreements backed by corporate bonds, Bank Deposit Certificates (CDB) and investment funds pegged to the CDI interest rate, with high liquidity and active trading in the market.

Cash surplus in foreign currency is invested with daily liquidity at fixed rates previously established.

The following table analyzes the São Martinho's financial liabilities, by maturity ranges, corresponding to the remaining period in the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Company	Within 1 year	From 1 to 3 years	Above 3 years	Total
At June 30, 2018				
Loans and financing	402,733	1,970,545	1,831,296	4,204,574
Derivative financial instruments	63,307	8,665	-	71,972
Trade accounts payable	245,740	-	-	245,740
Acquisition of ownership interest	11,743	23,240	15,270	50,253
Other liabilities	6,273	-	11,181	17,454
	<u>729,796</u>	<u>2,002,450</u>	<u>1,857,747</u>	<u>4,589,993</u>
At March 31, 2018				
Loans and financing	574,569	1,627,291	1,418,708	3,620,568
Derivative financial instruments	8,862	930	-	9,792
Trade accounts payable	111,893	-	-	111,893
Acquisition of ownership interest	11,746	23,240	15,270	50,256
Other liabilities	18,693	-	14,542	33,235
	<u>725,763</u>	<u>1,651,461</u>	<u>1,448,520</u>	<u>3,825,744</u>

Consolidated	Within 1 year	From 1 to 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total
At June 30, 2018				
Loans and financing	406,281	1,977,176	1,833,373	4,216,830
Derivative financial instruments	63,307	8,665	-	71,972
Trade accounts payable	234,734	-	-	234,734
Acquisition of ownership interest	11,743	23,240	15,270	50,253
Other liabilities	9,484	-	11,181	20,665
	<u>725,549</u>	<u>2,009,081</u>	<u>1,859,824</u>	<u>4,594,454</u>
At March 31, 2018				
Loans and financing	686,630	1,779,745	1,458,522	3,924,897
Derivative financial instruments	8,862	-	-	8,862
Trade accounts payable	154,146	-	-	154,146
Acquisition of ownership interest	11,746	23,240	15,270	50,256
Other liabilities	28,287	-	14,542	42,829
	<u>889,671</u>	<u>1,802,985</u>	<u>1,488,334</u>	<u>4,180,990</u>

22.4 Capital management

São Martinho's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal target capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company, under the Brazilian Corporation Law, may take actions to ensure the objectives mentioned above.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

23. Financial instrument classification and fair value

23.1 Classification

Financial assets and liabilities are classified as follows:

			Company	
	Classification	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized Cost	312,576	139,622	
Short-term investments	Fair value through profit or loss	1,200,259	978,491	
Trade accounts receivable	Amortized Cost	186,009	66,813	
	Fair value through Other			
Derivative financial instruments	comprehensive income	58,885	61,275	
Derivative financial instruments	Fair value through profit or loss	7,645	8,687	
Transactions with related parties	Amortized Cost	3,193	6,527	
Other assets, except for prepayments	Amortized Cost	11,437	9,082	
		<u>1,780,004</u>	<u>1,270,497</u>	
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	Fair value through profit or loss	24,020	29,274	
Borrowings	Amortized Cost	4,180,554	3,591,294	
	Fair value through Other			
Derivative financial instruments	comprehensive income	68,068	8,845	
Derivative financial instruments	Fair value through profit or loss	3,904	947	
Trade accounts payable	Amortized Cost	245,740	111,893	
Acquisition of ownership interests	Amortized Cost	50,253	50,256	
Other liabilities	Amortized Cost	17,454	33,235	
		<u>4,565,973</u>	<u>3,796,470</u>	

			Consolidated	
	Classification	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized Cost	313,808	140,865	
Short-term investments	Fair value through profit or loss	1,301,817	1,371,520	
Trade accounts receivable	Amortized Cost	240,537	202,762	
	Fair value through Other			
Derivative financial instruments	comprehensive income	58,885	71,842	
Derivative financial instruments	Fair value through profit or loss	7,645	948	
Other assets, except for prepayments	Amortized Cost	8,309	7,080	
		<u>1,931,001</u>	<u>1,795,017</u>	
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	Fair value through profit or loss	24,020	29,274	
Borrowings	Amortized Cost	4,192,810	3,895,623	
	Fair value through Other			
Derivative financial instruments	comprehensive income	68,068	8,862	
Derivative financial instruments	Fair value through profit or loss	3,904	930	
Trade accounts payable	Amortized Cost	234,734	154,146	
Acquisition of ownership interests	Amortized Cost	50,253	50,256	
Other liabilities	Amortized Cost	20,665	42,829	
		<u>4,570,434</u>	<u>4,152,646</u>	

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

information about counterparty default rates. There is no history of significant default in São Martinho.

23.2 Fair value

For measuring and determining fair value, the Company uses various methods including market approaches, of income or cost, in order to estimate the value that market participants would use to price the asset or liability. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed within the following fair value hierarchy levels:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active, liquid and visible markets, for identical assets and liabilities that are readily available at the measurement date;

Level 2 - Quoted prices (which may be adjusted or not) for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; and

Level 3 - Assets and liabilities whose prices do not exist, or whose prices or valuation techniques are supported by a small, nonexistent or illiquid market and unobservable market inputs.

For the period ended June 30, 2018, there is no reclassification of assets and liabilities at fair value from or to Level 1, 2 or 3.

As per statement of financial position - Consolidated	June 30, 2018			March 31, 2018		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets						
Short-term investments	-	1,301,817	-	-	1,371,520	-
Derivative financial instruments	51,524	15,006	-	50,658	22,132	-
Biological assets	-	-	572,720	-	-	581,725
	<u>51,524</u>	<u>1,316,823</u>	<u>572,720</u>	<u>50,658</u>	<u>1,393,652</u>	<u>581,725</u>
Liabilities - Derivative financial instruments	<u>3,249</u>	<u>68,723</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,873</u>	<u>3,919</u>	<u>-</u>

Futures and Options in the ICE

The fair value of futures negotiated in the New York - Intercontinental Exchange (ICE Futures US) is calculated by the difference between the price of the derivative in the contract and the market closing price on the reporting date, obtained from quotations in the active market, and reconciled to creditor or debtor balances with the brokers. The fair value of options traded in the ICE is obtained from quotation in the market.

Foreign exchange options

The fair value of foreign exchange options is obtained using the Black & Scholes method, based on public market data and characteristics thereof, specifically the price of the underlying asset, strike of options, volatility, yield curve and time remaining until expiration of the agreements.

Forward contracts

The fair value of forward contracts, both for foreign exchange and sugar, contracted in the OTC market with top-tier banks, are calculated using the discounted future cash flow method, based on observable market inputs, specifically the DI interest curves and foreign exchange coupons published by the BM&F, PTAX published by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), and prices of sugar futures published by Ice Futures in the ICE.

Other financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of trade accounts receivables, notes receivable, trade accounts payable and notes payable, less impairment loss, or present value adjustment, when applicable, are assumed to approximate their fair values.

24. Segment reporting (consolidated)

Management has determined the São Martinho's operating segments based on the reports used for strategic decisions, which are reviewed by the main decision-makers, namely: the Executive Board, the CEO and the Board of Directors.

The analyses are made by segmenting the business based on the products sold by São Martinho, into the following segments:

- (i) Sugar;
- (ii) Ethanol;
- (iii) Electricity;
- (iv) Real estate transactions; and
- (v) Other products, which includes operations related to production and sale of ribonucleic acid (sodium salt) and other products or by-products of lesser importance.

The operating segment performance is analyzed based on the statement of operations by product, focusing on profitability. The operating assets related to these segments are located in Brazil only.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

Consolidated income statement by segment

							June 30, 2018
Consolidated	Sugar	Ethanol	Electricity	Real estate ventures	Other products	Not by segment	Total
Gross revenue							
Domestic market	39,104	415,970	82,292	1,755	16,585	-	555,706
Foreign market	243,139	19,361	-	-	-	-	262,500
Gain/loss on derivatives	17,444	(2)	-	-	-	-	17,442
Amortization of electric power supply agreement	-	-	-	-	-	(3,676)	(3,676)
(-)Taxes, contributions and deductions on sales	(2,525)	(62,250)	(6,586)	(443)	(2,984)	-	(74,788)
Net revenue	297,162	373,079	75,706	1,312	13,601	(3,676)	757,184
Cost of sales	(209,765)	(275,555)	(12,362)	(58)	(7,844)	-	(505,584)
Change in market value of biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	5,431	5,431
Gross profit	87,397	97,524	63,344	1,254	5,757	1,755	257,031
Gross margin	29.41%	26.14%	83.67%	95.58%	42.33%	-	33.95%
Selling expenses	(18,778)	(2,016)	(2,890)	-	(146)	-	(23,830)
Other operating expenses	-	-	-	-	-	(40,800)	(40,800)
Operating income	68,619	95,508	60,454	1,254	5,611	(39,045)	192,401
Operating margin	23.09%	25.60%	79.85%	95.58%	41.25%	-	25.41%
Other income and expenses not by segment	-	-	-	-	-	(88,442)	(88,442)
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,959

							June 30, 2017
Consolidated	Sugar	Ethanol	Electricity	Real estate ventures	Other products	Not by segment	Total
Gross revenue							
Domestic market	47,350	326,821	72,202	1,271	16,190	-	463,834
Foreign market	419,863	12,028	-	-	2,879	-	434,770
Gain/loss on derivatives	37,123	-	-	-	-	-	37,123
Amortization of electric power supply agreement	-	-	-	-	-	(3,289)	(3,289)
(-)Taxes, contributions and deductions on sales	(3,904)	(106,132)	(5,990)	(165)	(3,981)	-	(120,172)
Net revenue	500,432	232,717	66,212	1,106	15,088	(3,289)	812,266
Cost of sales	(303,307)	(195,418)	(11,859)	(57)	(10,700)	-	(521,341)
Change in market value of biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	(15,539)	(15,539)
Gross profit	197,125	37,299	54,353	1,049	4,388	(18,828)	275,386
Gross margin	39.39%	16.03%	82.09%	94.85%	29.08%	-	33.90%
Selling expenses	(24,760)	(1,502)	(2,372)	-	(380)	-	(29,014)
Other operating expenses	-	-	-	-	-	(46,174)	(46,174)
Operating income	172,365	35,797	51,981	1,049	4,008	(65,002)	200,198
Operating margin	34.44%	15.38%	78.51%	94.85%	26.56%	-	24.65%
Other income and expenses not by segment	-	-	-	-	-	(83,325)	(83,325)
Net income for the year	172,365	35,797	51,981	1,049	4,008	(148,327)	116,873

Consolidated operating assets by segment

The main operating assets of São Martinho were segregated by segment based on the cost centers into which they are allocated and/or the apportionment criterion that takes into consideration the production of each product in relation to total production. This allocation could, therefore, vary from one period to another.

						June 30, 2018
	Sugar	Ethanol	Electricity	Real estate ventures	Not by segment	Total
Trade accounts receivable	85,160	34,967	34,062	34,635	51,713	240,537
Inventories	207,126	634,200	-	5,762	5,282	852,370
Biological assets	181,854	390,866	-	-	-	572,720
Property, plant and equipment	1,862,669	3,314,691	131,075	-	11,280	5,319,715
Intangible assets	236,076	169,342	57,829	-	-	463,247
Total assets allocated	2,572,885	4,544,066	222,966	40,397	68,275	7,448,589
Other unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	2,058,025	2,058,025
Total	2,572,885	4,544,066	222,966	40,397	2,126,300	9,506,614

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

	March 31, 2018					
	Sugar	Ethanol	Electricity	Real estate ventures	Not by segment	Total
Trade accounts receivable	17,543	116,920	32,695	34,109	1,495	202,762
Inventories	175,109	259,191	-	5,820	5,669	445,789
Biological assets	210,838	370,887	-	-	-	581,725
Property, plant and equipment	2,125,566	3,177,537	134,485	-	12,324	5,449,912
Intangible assets	237,612	169,019	63,400	126	-	470,157
Total assets allocated	2,766,668	4,093,554	230,580	40,055	19,488	7,150,345
Other unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	1,964,367	1,964,367
Total	2,766,668	4,093,554	230,580	40,055	1,983,855	9,114,712

Since the decision-makers analyze liabilities on a consolidated basis, information on liabilities is not reported by segment.

25. Revenues

The Company adopted IFRS 15 (CPC 47) Revenue from contract with customers. The new standard sets forth the principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and when it should be recognized, requiring recognition of the amount of revenue to reflect the consideration it expects to receive in return for control of those goods or services. This standard supersedes all current revenue recognition requirements in accordance with IFRS.

In relation to sales in the sugar and alcohol market and other derivative products, representing substantially the Company's revenues, there were no impacts with the adoption of the standard, since all performance obligations are concluded at the time of delivery of the final product, which is also the recognition of revenue.

The Company maintains the application of OCPC 04 - Application of Technical Interpretation 02, as directed by the CVM, recognizing revenue over time (POC).

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of products and services rendered in the normal course of the São Martinho's activities.

(a) Sales of products and rendering of services

São Martinho sells sugar, ethanol, electricity, ribonucleic acid, sugarcane bagasse, among others. Sales of products are recognized whenever the Company has delivered products to the customer. The delivery is not made until: (i) the products have been sent to a local specified; (ii) the loss risks have been transferred to the customer; (iii) the customer has accepted the products according to the sale contract; and (iv) the acceptance provisions

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

have been agreed to, or São Martinho has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been met.

São Martinho's renders planting, mechanization and logistics services. These services are priced according to the time incurred and materials used, and are recognized as they occur.

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had clients representing more than 10% of its net revenues. The Company's three largest customers of sugar sales account for about 29% of net revenue; while for the ethanol sold, the three largest customers account for 39%.

(b) Sale of plots of land and subdivisions (real estate)

Sales revenues and land costs inherent to the projects are appropriated to income as the infrastructure works advance, as directed by the CVM and detailed above.

In term sales of land with infrastructure works completed, the result is appropriate at the time the sale is made, regardless of the term of receipt of the contractual value, and the revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received and receivable. The Company considers the adjustment to present value for the amounts receivable recorded.

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Gross sales revenue				
Domestic market	518,382	292,956	555,706	463,834
Foreign market	262,500	434,770	262,500	434,770
Gain/loss on derivatives	17,442	37,123	17,442	37,123
	<u>798,324</u>	<u>764,849</u>	<u>835,648</u>	<u>935,727</u>
Amortization of electric power supply agreement (i)	-	-	(3,676)	(3,289)
	<u>798,324</u>	<u>764,849</u>	<u>831,972</u>	<u>932,438</u>
Taxes, contributions and deductions on sales	(72,219)	(105,563)	(74,788)	(120,172)
	<u>726,105</u>	<u>659,286</u>	<u>757,184</u>	<u>812,266</u>

(i) Amortization of BIO's energy supply contracts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

26. Costs and expenses by nature

Reconciliation of expenses by nature is as follows:

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Raw material and consumer and in-use materials	200,634	196,238	191,278	206,273
Personnel expenses	91,778	85,765	92,482	99,196
Depreciation and amortization (including biological assets harvested)	198,473	159,749	199,589	202,055
Third-party services	31,195	38,074	30,316	38,534
Maintenance services and parts	24,083	21,384	24,180	26,579
Litigation	1,543	2,932	1,543	3,086
Change in fair value of biological assets	(5,431)	28,162	(5,431)	15,539
Materials for resale	4,818	2,732	6,473	5,158
Cost of land sold	-	-	46	-
Other expenses	26,861	3,512	27,709	14,440
	<u>573,954</u>	<u>538,548</u>	<u>568,185</u>	<u>610,860</u>
<u>Classified as:</u>				
Cost of sales	507,382	474,484	500,153	536,880
Selling expenses	23,268	26,518	23,830	29,014
General and administrative expenses	43,304	37,546	44,202	44,966
	<u>573,954</u>	<u>538,548</u>	<u>568,185</u>	<u>610,860</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

27. Finance income (costs)

	Company		Consolidated	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Finance income				
Interest received and earned	22,009	32,836	24,328	44,851
PIS/COFINS on finance income	(1,136)	(2,268)	(1,191)	(2,727)
Other revenues	2,429	2,648	4,002	2,670
	<u>23,302</u>	<u>33,216</u>	<u>27,139</u>	<u>44,794</u>
Finance costs				
Present value adjustment	(616)	(937)	(616)	(937)
Interest on borrowings	(64,563)	(65,530)	(64,785)	(76,608)
Interest paid and earned	(5,666)	(7,344)	(5,668)	(7,867)
Bank surety commission	(416)	(4,843)	(416)	(4,905)
Copersucar bonds	(2,195)	(1,287)	(2,195)	(1,287)
Monetary correction of contingencies	(1,772)	(835)	(1,782)	(1,579)
Other costs	(3,101)	(1,559)	(3,109)	(1,757)
	<u>(78,329)</u>	<u>(82,335)</u>	<u>(78,571)</u>	<u>(94,940)</u>
Monetary variation and foreign exchange differences, net				
Cash and cash equivalents	23,483	10,633	23,483	10,633
Trade accounts receivable/payable	6,569	193	6,569	193
Borrowings	(1,300)	(6,008)	(1,300)	(8,307)
	<u>28,752</u>	<u>4,818</u>	<u>28,752</u>	<u>2,519</u>
Derivatives - not designated for hedge accounting				
Gain (loss) on sugarcane transactions	(1,659)	(838)	(1,659)	(838)
Gain (loss) on ethanol transactions	-	(51)	-	(51)
Income from foreign exchange transactions	(7,508)	(1,567)	(7,508)	(1,567)
Gain (loss) on swap	(6,789)	11,226	(6,789)	11,226
Cost of stock exchange transactions	(58)	(202)	(58)	(202)
Foreign exchange differences, net	118	(228)	118	(228)
	<u>(15,896)</u>	<u>8,340</u>	<u>(15,896)</u>	<u>8,340</u>
Finance income (costs)	<u>(42,171)</u>	<u>(35,961)</u>	<u>(38,576)</u>	<u>(39,287)</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

28. Earnings per share

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	
	Basic and diluted profit	Basic profit	Diluted profit
Income for the period attributed to Company shareholders	103,959	116,873	116,873
Weighted average number of common shares for the period - in thousand (i)	326,779	334,556	335,425
Earnings per share (in reais)	0.3181	0.3493	0.3484

(i) Weighted average of 2017 included stock options with dilution potential.

29. Insurance coverage

São Martinho maintains a standard safety, training and quality program in its units, which aims, among other things, to reduce the risk of accidents. Furthermore, it maintains insurance contracts at amounts considered sufficient to cover significant losses, if any, on its assets and liabilities. The amounts covered by the current insurance policies at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Company and Consolidated	Maximum coverage (i)
Covered perils	
Civil liability	4,349,616
Loss of profits	3,646,632
Other insurance coverage	2,858,239
Fire, lightning and explosion of any nature	2,020,000
Electric damages	1,900,052
Theft or larceny	371,766
Natural phenomena, vehicle or aircraft crash, etc.	192,000

(i) Corresponds to the maximum coverage amount for the various assets and locations insured.

The vehicle coverage, mainly civil liability, is also included above, except for property damage, which has as reference, on average, 100% of the Economic Research Institute (FIPE) table.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In thousands of reais, unless otherwise stated

30. Acquisition and divestiture – payable and receivables

Net balance payable refers to the acquisition and disposal of equity investment and is as follows:

Company and Consolidated	Acquisition of ownership interest	Divestiture	Net balance
	Santa Cruz	Agro Pecuária Boa Vista	
Balance at March 31, 2018	(187,730)	137,474	(50,256)
Monetary restatement	(2,907)	2,129	(778)
Amortization (interest)	2,916	(2,135)	781
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>(187,721)</u>	<u>137,468</u>	<u>(50,253)</u>
		Current liabilities	(11,743)
		Noncurrent liabilities	<u>(38,510)</u>
			<u>(50,253)</u>

These amounts are restated by reference to the CDI, paid on an annual basis and maturing until 2025.

31. Subsequent events

According to the relevant fact released on July 5, 2018, the Company performed the partial acquisition of biological assets of the Usina Açucareira Furlan S.A. together with Raízen Energia S.A. ("Raízen") for the Santa Barbara D'Oeste plant ("Transaction").

The Company and Raízen participated in the bidding process and, by contracting the Transaction, will assume agricultural and supply contracts totaling approximately 1 million tons of sugar cane in the region. The contracts predict that the Company will assume 1/3 of this volume, leaving 2/3 remaining with Raízen.

The amount of the Transaction will be R\$ 118,000, to be disbursed proportionally by the Company and Raízen.

The Transaction was approved by the Board of Directors on July 2, 2018 and by the Administrative Council for Economic Defense (CADE) on July 26, 2018 its closing is subject to compliance with the conditions set forth in the agreement.

* * *